BEGIN — MARCH 16, 1959

30.24-6441

Z81WX

-95-

ADVANCE FOR 9:30 P.M. EST TONIGHT
FOURTH NIGHT LEAD EISENHOWER-BERLIN
BY DOUGLAS B. CORNELL

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MARCH 16 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TONIGHT OFFERED RUSSIAN PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV A SUMMIT MEETING THIS SUMMER--PROVIDED FOREIGN MINISTERS CAN PAVE THE WAY FOR SETTLING THE BERLIN CRISIS.

AT THE SAME TIME, IN A TELEVISION-RADIO REPORT TO THE NATION, EISENHOWER ACCUSED RUSSIA BEFORE THE WORLD OF RAISING THE POSSIBILITY OF WAR IN DEMANDING THAT THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE GET OUT OF WEST BERLIN.

AS HE HAS DONE MANY TIMES BEFORE, EISENHOWER STRESSED THAT THE UNITED STATES INTENDS TO STAND FIRM AGAINST THIS SOVIET DEMAND. THIS, HE SAID, WILL MINIMIZE THE RISK OF GLOBAL CONFLICT.

ALSO, AS HE HAS DONE MANY TIMES, EISENHOWER SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS NO INTENTION OF ABANDONING ITS RESPONSIBILITIES AND RIGHTS IN BERLIN, ESTABLISHED BY POST WORLD WAR II AGREEMENTS TO WHICH RUSSIA WAS A PARTY.

"SOVIET RULERS," THE PRESIDENT SAID INHIS PREPARED TALK, "SHOULD REMEMBER THAT FREE MEN HAVE, BEFORE THIS, DIED FOR SO-CALLED 'SCRAPS OF PAPER' WHICH REPRESENTED DUTY AND HONOR AND FREEDOM."

EISENHOWER'S SPEECH SET THE STAGE, TOO, FOR CONFERENCES BEGINNING THURSDAY WITH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN OF BRITAIN, WHO RECENTLY HAD FACE-TO-FACE TALKS WITH KHRUSHCHEV IN MOSCOW.

BERLIN AND THE GERMAN PROBLEM AS A WHOLE WILL BE PRIME TOPICS WHEN THE TWO ALLIED LEADERS CONFER NEXT WEEKEND AT EISENHOWER'S MOUNTAIN RETREAT IN NEARBY MARYLAND.

EISENHOWER DRAMATIZED HIS TALK WITH A MAP OF BERLIN AND WITH THREE LISTS OF MISSILES--THOSE NOW IN USE, THOSE EXPECTED TO BE READY THIS YEAR AND OTHERS STILL IN THE DEVELOPMENT STAGE.

THERE WERE 41 IN ALL, AND EISENHOWER SAID NO DEFENSE FIELD IS GETTING MORE TALENT, SKILL AND MONEY. THE LIST CONTAINED NO SURPRISES.

THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE SLAPPED BACK AT CONGRESSIONAL CRITICS, MOSTLY DEMOCRATS, WHO HAVE BEEN CONTENDING HE IS MORE INTERESTED IN A BALANCED BUDGET THAN A STRONG MILITARY, TO THE JEOPARDY OF NATIONAL DEFE

EISENHOWER SAID SUCH ASSERTIONS "ARE SIMPLY NOT TRUE."

AND, IN MORE GENERAL TERMS, HE TOLD HIS NATIONWIDE AUDIENCE:

"FELLOW AMERICANS, OF ONE THING I AM SURE: THAT WE HAVE THE COURAGE AND CAPACITY TO MEET THE STERN REALITIES OF THE PRESENT AND THE FUTURE."

IN BREAKING HIS ADDRESS INTO TWO MAIN SEGMENTS, DEALING WITH BERLIN AND DEFENSE, EISENHOWER WAS SAYING, IN EFFECT, THAT THE UNITED STATES WANTS TO NEGOTIATE BUT IS READY FOR WAR--IF WAR SHOULD COME.

EISENHOWER SPELLED OUT IN ONE SENTENCE THE CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH HE THINKS NEGOTIATIONS CAN MEAN SOMETHING.

"THE UNITED STATES AND ITS ALLIES," HE SAID, "STAND READY TO TALK WITH SOVIET REPRESENTATIVES AT ANY TIME AND UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH OFFER PROSPECTS OF WORTHWHILE RESULTS."

BUT IF NEGOTIATION FAILS AND WAR SHOULD COME, EISENHOWER GAVE ASSURANCES ABOUT THE ABILITY OF THE ARMED FORCES:

"I BELIEVE THE AMERICAN PEOPLE WANT, ARE ENTITLED TO, CAN INDEFINITELY PAY FOR AND NOW HAVE AND WILL CONTINUE TO HAVE A MODERN, EFFECTIVE AND ADEQUATE MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT."

INITIAL REACTION FROM CAPITOL HILL TENDED TO FOLLOW PARTY LINES. SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE SAM RAYBURN (D-TEX), FOR EXAMPLE, SAID: "I TRUST THAT HIS JUDGMENT OF THE SITUATION IS CORRECT," WHILE HOUSE REPUBLICAN LEADER CHARLES A. HALLECK OF INDIANA SAID:

"THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH DEMONSTRATES HIS FULL REALIZATION OF THE SITUATION AND THE KIND OF LEADERSHIP WE NEED."

CRITICIZING RUSSIA'S ANNOUNCEMENT LAST NOVEMBER OF AN INTENTION TO REPUDIATE OBLIGATIONS ASSURING THE WESTERN POWERS ACCESS TO BERLIN, EISENHOWER SAID THE SOVIETS APPEAR TO BE LIVING AGAIN BY THE COMMUNIST FORMULA THAT "PROMISES ARE LIKE PIE CRUST, MADE TO BE BROKEN."

AS FOR WHAT HE TERMED A VAGUE SOVIET OFFER TO MAKE WEST BERLIN A FREE CITY, EISENHOWER SAID "IT IS BY NO MEANS CLEAR WHAT WEST BERLIN WOULD BE FREE FROM, EXCEPT PERHAPS FREEDOM ITSELF."

HE SAID A RUSSIAN NOTE OF MARCH 2 APPEARS TO BE "A MOVE TOWARD NEGOTIATION ON AN IMPROVED BASIS."

THE ALLIES ARE WORKING ON A REPLY AND EISENHOWER SAID HE HOPES THE RESULT WOULD BE AN AGREEMENT ON AN EARLY MEETING OF FOREIGN MINISTERS.

"ASSUMING DEVELOPMENTS THAT JUSTIFY A SUMMER MEETING AT THE SUMMIT," EISENHOWER ADDED, "THE UNITED STARES WOULD BE READY TO PARTICIPATE IN THIS FURTHER EFFORT.

"OUR POSITION, THEN, IS THIS: WE WILL NOT RETREAT ONE INCH FROM OUR DUTY. WE SHALL CONTINUE TO EXERCISE OUR RIGHT OF PEACEFUL PASSAGE TO AND FROM WEST BERLIN. WE WILL NOT BE THE FIRST TO BREACH THE PEACE; IT IS THE SOVIETS WHO THREATEN THE USE OF FORCE TO INTERFERE WITH SUCH FREE PASSAGE.

"WE ARE READY TO PARTICIPATE FULLY IN EVERY SINCERE EFFORT AT NEGOTIATION THAT WILL RESPECT THE EXISTING RIGHTS OF ALL AND THEIR OPPORTUNITY TO LIVE IN PEACE."

EISENHOWER SPOKE FROM HIS WHITE HOUSE OFFICE, A LARGE OVAL ROOM PREDOMINATELY IN GREEN, FROM RUGS TO WALLS TO DRAPERIES.

EISENHOWER SAT AT HIS BIG MAHOGANY DESK, WITH SCUFF MARKS AROUND THE BASE AND A MAROON FELT COVER TO CUT THE GLARE OF LIGHTS FOR A SCORE OF CAMERAS. BEHIND HIM WERE THE PRESIDENTIAL AND AMERICAN FLAGS, FLANKING A SMALL TABLE ON WHICH STOOD A PORTRAIT OF MRS. EISENHOWER STANDING IN THE WHITE HOUSE EAST ROOM IN HER INAUGURAL GOWN.

EISENHOWER HIMSELF WAS DRESSED TONIGHT IN A DARK GRAY BUSINESS SUIT, PASTEL BLUE SHIRT, AND DARKER BLUE TIE.

ON A BURGUNDY COUCH ALONG ONE WALL, SAT HIS SON, MAJ. JOHN EISENHOWER.

THE PRESIDENT ARRIVED THREE MINUTES BEFORE TIME TO GO ON THE AIR AND CHATTED WITH HIS TELEVISION ADVISER, ROBERT MONTGOMERY, ABOUT THE MAP AND CHARTS TO WHICH HE REFERRED IN THE BROADCAST. HE WENT OVER TO THE MAP AND REMINISCED ABOUT HIS WORLD WAR II DAYS BY DRAWING A RIGHT ANGLE RHINE WITH HIS FINGER, AND REMARKING: "WELL, THERE'S WHERE WE WENT."

MONTGOMERY USED A POINTER WHILE EISENHOWER SPOKE TO INDICATE VARIOUS POINTS ON THE MAP.

THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE SPOKE UP FORCEFULLY BUT NOT SEVERELY AND HE SEEMED TO STUMBLE ON FEWER WORDS THAN USUAL.

AFTER IT WAS OVER, MONTGOMERY CAME UP AND STRETCHED OUT A HAND AND EISENHOWER EXCLAIMED, "BOY, THAT'S A LONG HAUL."

IN UNMISTAKABLE TERMS, EISENHOWER LET THE AMERICAN PEOPLE, RUSSIA AND THE WORLD KNOW THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS NO INTENTION TO "TRY TO PURCHASE PEACE BY FORSAKING TWO MILLION FREE PEOPLE OF BERLIN."

THE PRESIDENT SPOKE OF THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE BERLIN SITUATION MIGHT CARRY THE SEEDS OF WAR. BUT HE SAID "THE RISK OF WAR IS MINIMIZED IF WE STAND FIRM."

IN BERLIN, HE SAID, THE RUSSIANS HAVE CONFRONTED THE WEST WITH THREE FUNDAMENTAL CHOICES:

1. THIS IS THE ONE, EISENHOWER SAID, THE SOVIET RULERS WOULD PREFER THIS COUNTRY TO MAKE--BY FIGHTENING THE UNITED STATES INTO ABDICATING ITS RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES TO HELP ESTABLISH A JUST AND PEACEFUL SOLUTION TO THE GERMAN PROBLEM. IT WAS HERE THAT HE BORE DOWN ON STICKING BY THESE RIGHTS. HE SAID:

"WE HAVE NO INTENTION OF FORGETTING OUR RIGHTS OR OF DESERTING A FREE PEOPLE. SOVIET RULERS SHOULD REMEMBER THAT FREE MEN HAVE, BEFORE THIS, DIED FOR SO-CALLED 'SCRAPS OF PAPER' WHICH REPRESENTED DUTY AND HONOR AND FREEDOM."

EISENHOWER REJECTED THE FIRST CHOICE AS UNACCEPTABLE.

2. THIS CHOICE, THE PRESIDENT SAID, IS THE POSSIBILITY OF WAR. HE SAID THE AMERICAN PEOPLE AND WESTERN WORLD DO NOT WANT WAR.

GLOBAL CONFLICT, HE SAID, COULD MEAN DESTRUCTION OF CIVILIZATION AND SOVIET RULERS "ARE WELL AWARE OF THIS."

WHATEVER RISK OF GENERAL WAR LIES IN THE BERLIN SITUATION, EISENHOWER SAID, "IT WAS DELIBERATELY CREATED BY THE SOVIET RULERS."

CALLING AGAIN FOR FIRMNESS, EISENHOWER SAID:

"WAR WOULD BECOME MORE LIKELY IF WE GAVE WAY AND ENCOURAGED A RULE OF TERRORISM RATHER THAN A RULE OF LAW AND ORDER. INDEED THIS IS THE PEACE POLICY WHICH WE ARE STRIVING TO CARRY OUT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD."

3. THE LAST CHOICE IS NEGOTIATION.

EISENHOWER SAID "THE UNITED STATES AND ITS ALLIES STAND READY TO TALK WITH SOVIET REPRESENTATIVES AT ANY TIME AND UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH OFFER PROSPECTS OF WORTHWHILE RESULTS."

TOWARD THE END OF HIS ADDRESS, EISENHOWER TOLD HIS FELLOW AMERICANS HE IS SURE OF ONE THING: "THAT WE HAVE THE COURAGE AND CAPACITY TO MEET THE STERN REALITIES OF THE PRESENT AND THE FUTURE."

THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE VOICED HOPE FOR AGREEMENT WITH RUSSIA ON AN EARLY MEETING OF FOREIGN MINISTERS. HE WENT ON TO SAY:

"ASSUMING DEVELOPMENTS THAT JUSTIFY A SUMMER MEETING AT THE SUMMIT, THE UNITED STATES WOULD BE READY TO PARTICIPATE IN THIS FURTHER EFFORT."

EISENHOWER SAID IN ADVANCE, HOWEVER, THAT THIS COUNTRY CANNOT AGREE TO ANY PERMANENT AND COMPULSORY DIVISION OF GERMANY.

THE UNITED STATES CANNOT, HE SAID, RECOGNIZE THE ASSERTED RIGHT OF ANY NATION TO DISHONOR ITS INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS WHENEVER IT CHOOSES.

THIS WAS A REFERENCE TO AGREEMENTS REACHED AT THE END OF WORLD WAR II--BETWEEN RUSSIA, BRITAIN, FRANCE AND THE UNITED STATES--ESTABLISHING FOUR POWER RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES IN BERLIN.

THREE DAYS IN ADVANCE OF CONSULTATIONS HERE WITH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN OF BRITAIN, EISENHOWER PUT THE AMERICAN POSITION THIS WAY:

"WE WILL NOT RETREAT ONE INCH FROM OUR DUTY. WE SHALL CONTINUE TO EXERCISE OUR RIGHT OF PEACEFUL PASSAGE TO AND FROM WEST BERLIN. WE WILL NOT BE THE FIRST TO BREACH THE PEACE; IT IS THE SOVIETS WHO THREATEN THE USE OF FORCE TO INTERFERE WITH SUCH FREE PASSAGE. WE ARE READY TO PARTICIPATE FULLY IN EVERY SINCERE EFFORT AT NEGOTIATION THAT WILL RESPECT THE EXISTING RIGHTS OF ALL AND THEIR OPPORTUNITY TO LIVE IN PEACE."

EISENHOWER DIVIDED HIS TALK INTO TWO SEPARATE PACKAGES. ONE DEALT MAINLY WITH THE BERLIN AND GERMAN SITUATION. THE OTHER DISCUSSED THE STATUS OF AMERICAN DEFENSE AND ADMINISTRATION DEFENSE PLANNING.

HIS DEFENSE POLICIES HAVE BEEN UNDER UNDER ATTACK NOT ONLY BY DEMOCRATS BUT BY OCCASIONAL REPUBLICANS IN CONGRESS.

TAKING NOTE OF THE CRITICISM, EISENHOWER SAID SOME OF THE ASSERTIONS "ARE SIMPLY NOT TRUE. THEY ARE WITHOUT FOUNDATION."

HE APPLIED THIS TO STATEMENTS THAT NATIONAL DEFENSE HAS BEEN JEOPARDIZED BY SUBORDINATING MILITARY POSTURE TO A BALANCED BUDGET; THAT U.S. DEFENSES ARE NOW OR WILL BE INADEQUATE TO MEET RECURRENT COMMUNIST THREATS; THAT MORE MILITARY MANPOWER THAN EISENHOWER HAS RECOMMENDED IS ESSENTIAL FOR PSYCHOLOGICAL REASONS IF NO OTHER.

THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE PRODUCED FOR HIS TELEVISION AUDIENCE PRIMARILY THREE LISTS OF MISSILES.

HE SAID AN ENDLESS PROCESS OF RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION IS UNDER WAY TO EQUIP U. S. FORCES WITH NEW WEAPONS.

SAYING THIS COUNTRY MUST NEVER BECOME "FROZEN IN OBSOLESCENCE" EISENHOWER ADDED:

"AND EVEN THE ROCKETS THAT DAZZLE US TODAY WILL SOON BECOME THE MODEL T'S--THE TIN LIZZIES, OF THE MISSILE AGE."

TODAY, HE SAID, THERE IS NO DEFENSE FIELD TO WHICH MORE TALENT, SKILL AND MONEY ARE BEING DEVOTED THAN THAT OF MISSILE DEVELOPMENT.

WHILE HE WAS AT IT, EISENHOWER ALSO SOUGHT TO BUILD A FIRE UNDER CONGRESS FOR THE FULL $3,900,000,000 HE IS ASKING FOR FOREIGN AID IN THE YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1.

THESE AID FUNDS, HE SAID, ARE VITAL TO U. S. AND FREE WORLD SECURITY, ADDING:

"ANY MISGUIDED EFFORT TO REDUCE THEM BELOW WHAT I HAVE RECOMMENDED WEAKENS THE SENTRIES OF FREEDOM WHEREVER THEY STAND."

THERE HAVE BEEN CALLS IN CONGRESS FOR SLASHES IN MONEY FOR MILITARY AND ECONOMIC HELP TO FRIENDLY COUNTRIES AROUND THE GLOBE.

IN ADVANCE OF THE RADIO-TV REPORT, WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY JAMES C. HAGERTY SAID EISENHOWER ARRANGED HIS WORK SCHEDULE SO AS TO APPLY MOST OF THE DAY TO PERFECTING THE SPEECH.

EISENHOWER DID SQUEEZE IN AN APPOINTMENT WITH DR. ERNESTO DIHIGO, VETERAN CUBAN DIPLOMAT WHO WILL BE THE AMBASSADOR HERE FROM THE NEW REVOLUTIONARY REGIME IN CUBA.

WORKING WITH EISENHOWER ON THE SPEECH WAS DR. MALCOLM MOOS, HIS CHIEF SPEECH WRITER, AND VARIOUS OTHER MEMBERS OF THE WHITE HOUSE STAFF.

MOOS, FORMER PROFESSOR AT THE UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA, UNIVERSITY OF WYOMING AND JOHNS HOPKINS, IS NOW ROUNDING OUT HIS FIRST SIX MONTHS IN THE POST.

DEVELOPMENTS IN CONGRESS CONTRIBUTED TO A BUILDUP FOR THE SPEECH.

SEN. J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT (D-ARK) TOLD THE SENATE THAT THE UNITED STATES, IN DEALING WITH RUSSIAN DEMANDS THAT THE WESTERN ALLIES GET OUT OF BERLIN, WILL MAKE NO SEPARATE DEALS WITH MOSCOW.

HE SAID THERE ARE MISTAKEN SUSPICIONS AMONG EUROPEANS THAT THE UNITED STATES IS WEAKENING IN ITS POSITION. FULBRIGHT IS CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE.

ALSO TODAY, SEN. WAYNE MORSE (D-ORE) SAID HE HAD BEEN SHOCKED BY TESTIMONY FROM SOME U. S. MILITARY LEADERS RAISING THE POSSIBILITY OF WAR IN THE EVENT THE BERLIN ISSUES IS NOT SETTLED.

"NOBODY CAN JUSTIFY A NUCLEAR WAR OVER BERLIN," MORSE SAID.

TONIGHT'S SPEECH WAS DESCRIBED IN ADVANCE AS NOT LIKELY TO SPRING ANY SURPRISES. IT WAS PROJECTED RATHER AS A RESTATEMENT OF THE AMERICAN POSITION AGAINST BOWING TO RUSSIAN DEMANDS THAT THE WESTERN ALLIES GET OUT OF BERLIN."

HOWEVER, THERE WERE INDICATIONS AHEAD OF TIME THAT THE SPEECH WOULD CARRY FORCE.

FOR ONE THING, MOOS HAS BEEN CREDITED WITH SELLING EISENHOWER LAST FALL ON THE IDEA OF PUTTING MORE STEAM AND ZING INTO HIS SPEECHES.

ALSO, EISENHOWER HAS SHOWN A HEIGHTENED TAKE-CHARGE ATTITUDE TOWARD FOREIGN AFFAIRS SINCE THE HOSPITALIZATION OF SECRETARY OF STATE JOHN FOSTER DULLES.

DULLES, UNDERGOING TREATMENT FOR CANCER, WAS GIVEN A PRESIDENTIAL FILL-IN ON HIS SPEECH PLANS DURING A HOSPITAL VISIT LAST FRIDAY.

IN ONE ASPECT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, ACTING SECRETARY CHRISTIAN A. HERTER OPENED THE ADMINISTRATION'S FORMAL ARGUMENT TO CONGRESS TODAY ON THE NEED FOR A $3,930,000,000 FOREIGN AID PROGRAM.

IN TESTIMONY SUMMING UP THIS PROGRAM, HERTER TOLD THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE:

"IT DISPLAYS OUR DETERMINATION TO CONTINUE A ROLE OF LEADERSHIP IN THE FIGHT FOR FREE WORLD OBJECTIVES."

IN FURTHER PURSUIT OF THOSE OBJECTIVES, EISENHOWER WILL BEGIN TALKS THURSDAY WITH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN OF GREAT BRITAIN. THE TALKS WILL RUN THREE DAYS OR SO, AT THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMP IN THE MARYLAND MOUNTAINSIDE.

WE339PES

A141WX

FIRST LEAD IKE-REACTION (A128WX)

WASHINGTON, MARCH 16 (AP)-SOME INFLUENTIAL CONGRESSIONAL DEMOCRATS REACTED MORE OR LESS FAVORABLY TONIGHT IN COMMENTING ON PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S BROADCAST ON THE BERLIN CRISIS.

REPUBLICANS, AS EXPECTED, WERE LARGELY UNSTINTING IN THEIR PRAISE FOR THE TALK. ONE HOUSE MEMBER TERMED THE ADDRESS "THE PRESIDENT'S FINEST HOUR."

HOUSE SPEAKER SAM RAYBURN (D-TEX) "I LISTENED INTENTLY TO THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH. I TRUST THAT HIS JUDGMENT OF THE SITUATION IS CORRECT."

HOUSE REPUBLICAN LEADER CHARLES A. HALLECK OF INDIANA: "THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH DEMONSTRATES HIS FULL REALIZATION OF THE SITUATION AND THE KIND OF LEADERSHIP WE NEED."

SENATE REPUBLICAN LEADER EVERETT DIRKSEN OF ILLINOIS SAID HE THOUGHT THAT EVEN NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV COULD UNDERSTAND THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

"THE PRESIDENT LEFT NOTHING UNSAID IN STATING OUR INTENTIONS TO STICK BY OUR RESPONSIBILITY AND DUTY TO UPHOLD THE FREEDOM OF WEST BERLIN, DIRKSEN SAID. "THE PRESIDENT GAVE A COMPLETE ANSWER TO THE MONDAY MORNING TECHNICIANS WHO HAVE SO COMPLETELY VENTILATED THEIR OPPOSING VIEWPOINTS."

SEN. WILLIAM PROXMIRE (D-WIS) SAID HE IS SUPPORTING THE PRESIDENT'S FIRM POSITION ON BERLIN. HE ADDED THE AMERICAN PEOPLE WILL BE REASSURED BY EISENHOWER'S STATEMENT THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS THE NECESSARY MILITARY CAPACITY TO CARRY OUT ITS COMMITMENTS.

"BUT THE GRIM PROSPECT THAT THE PRESIDENT OUTLINED TO US WAS THAT OUR DEFENSE IS BASED ON NUCLEAR WAR," PROXMIRE SAID. "IN VIEW OF THIS, IT IS UNFORTUNATE THAT THE PRESIDENT DID NOT SUGGEST CONSIDERATION OF TURNING TO THE UNITED NATIONS IN THE EVENT THAT NEGOTIATIONS ARE UNSUCCESSFUL."

REP. A. S. J. CARNAHAN OF MISSOURI, SECOND RANKING DEMOCRAT ON THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE, REMARKED THAT THE PRESIDENT "MADE A VERY FINE CASE FOR FOREIGN AID."

THE COMMITTEE IS NOW CONSIDERING EISENHOWER'S $3,930,000,000 PROPOSED FOREIGN AID PROGRAM.

"TO HEAR THE PRESIDENT SAY WE ARE IN PRETTY GOOD SHAPE MILITARILY IS OF COURSE, REASSURING," CARNAHAN SAID, "BUT I HAVE SOME DOUBT AS TO WHETHER WE ARE IN AS STRONG A POSITION AS WE SHOULD BE."

HOUSE REPUBLICAN WHIP LESLIE C. ARENDS OF ILLINOIS CALLED THE PRESIDENT'S TALK, "VERY FINE, FACTUAL, FORCEFUL AND INFORMATIVE."

ARENDS, WHO IS SENIOR REPUBLICAN OF THE ARMED SERVICE COMMITTEE, SAID EISENHOWER HAD UNMISTAKABLY EXPRESSED HIS JUDGMENT AS TO THE ADEQUACY OF U. S. DEFENSES. AND, "I DON'T THINK AMATEURS CAN QUARREL WITH THE JUDGMENT OF A MAN OF HIS EXPERIENCE."

SEN. RICHARD NEUBERGER (D-ORE), FREQUENTLY CRITICAL OF EISENHOWER IN THE PAST, SAID HE THOUGHT THE PRESIDENT HAD MADE A "VERY FAIR AND COMPREHENSIVE REPORT TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE ON THE BERLIN SITUATION."

"MY ONLY HOPE," NEUBERGER SAID, "IS THAT THE PRESIDENT WAS NOT MORE OPTIMISTIC AND REASSURED THAN THE FACTS JUSTIFY. I WISH HE HAD DISCUSSED MORE URGENTLY THE SACRIFICES THE FREE WORLD IS GOING TO HAVE TO MAKE TO SUSTAIN OUR POSITION IN BERLIN."

1950

30.24- 6443

SEN. JACOB K. JAVITS (R-NY): "THE DETERMINATION NOT TO BE PUSHED OUT OF AN INDISPENSABLE FREE WORLD POSITION IN BERLIN IS BASIC TO ANY POLICY. UPON THIS THE PRESIDENT HAS EXPRESSED THE UNIVERSAL AMERICAN FEELING."

SEN. ALBERT GORE (D-TENN):

"THE PRESIDENT GAVE AN ADMIRABLE STATEMENT OF OUR RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES WITH RESPECT TO THE PEOPLE OF BERLIN. I WAS INTERESTED TO NOTE THAT HE DID NOT AGAIN SAY THAT WE CERTAINLY WOULD NOT ENGAGE IN GROUND CONFLICT, OR INDIRECTLY THREATEN NUCLEAR WARFARE. TO THIS EXTENT HIS STATEMENT WAS AN IMPROVEMENT OVER HIS NEWS CONFERENCE STATEMENT OF LAST WEEK.

"EVEN SO, I SIMPLY DO NOT UNDERSTAND UPON WHAT BASIS THE PRESIDENT MADE SOME OF HIS FLAT FOOTED STATEMENTS ABOUT OUR STRENGTH. PERHAPS THE PRESIDENT HAS SOME INFORMATION WHICH I HAVE NOT SEEN OR HEARD IN NUMEROUS CLOSED DOOR COMMITTEE SESSIONS."

GORE IS A MEMBER OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE.

REP. EDITH NOURSE ROGERS (R-MASS):

"I THOUGHT IT WAS THE PRESIDENT'S FINEST HOUR. THE FINEST SPEECH I EVER HEARD HIM MAKE. HE SHOWED WORLD LEADERSHIP IN IT AND WITH IT HIS DETERMINATION TO MEET ANY EVENTUALITY. HE GAVE STRENGTH AND CONFIDENCE TO THE WORLD."

SEN. ROBERT S. KERR (D-OKLA) WHO HAS BEEN EXTREMELY CRITICAL OF EISENHOWER IN THE PAST, SAID HE IS 100 PER CENT FOR THE PRESIDENT'S FIRM STAND ON THE BERLIN SITUATION.

"WE HAVE GOT TO HONOR OUR COMMITMENTS IN BERLIN," KERR SAID. "IF WE DON'T STAND ON OUR COMMITMENTS THERE, THE ONLY THING LEFT TO DO WOULD BE TO RUN. IF RUSSIA EVER GOT US ON THE RUN, THEN THE FREE WORLD WOULD BE DONE FOR. I AM FOR THE USE OF FORCE IF NECESSARY, TO CARRY OUT OUR COMMITMENTS IN BERLIN."

EG1122PES NM AST

A156

(150)

IKE--REACTION

BY RAYMOND PALMER

LONDON, TUESDAY, MARCH 17 (AP)-BRITISH NEWSPAPERS SEIZED TODAY ON PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S CONDITIONAL AGREEMENT TO A SUMMIT CONFERENCE ALTHOUGH THE SPEECH CAME TOO LATE FOR IMMEDIATE EDITORIAL OR OFFICIAL COMMENT.

DIPLOMATS IN MOSCOW SAID THE RUSSIANS PROBABLY WOULD ACCEPT EISENHOWER'S OFFER, EVEN WITH HIS CONDITION OF A PRELIMINARY MEETING OF FOREIGN MINISTERS. THE KREMLIN ALREADY HAS GIVEN ITS OWN CONDITIONAL AGREEMENT TO ATTEND A FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING THOUGH IT HAS SAID REPEATEDLY ONLY A SUMMIT CONFERENCE COULD MAKE ANY PROGRESS ON WORLD PROBLEMS.

LONDON'S DAILY TELEGRAPH, A CONSERVATIVE PAPER, SUMMED UP THE SPEECH WITH THIS TWO-COLUMN HEADLINE:

"U.S. IS READY FOR SUMMER SUMMIT: MR. EISENHOWER STATES TERMS: NO BUYING PEACE AT COST OF BERLIN."

THE PRO-LABOR DAILY MIRROR, ONE OF BRITAIN'S TWO MAIN MORNING TABLOIDS, SPLASHED THIS SEVEN-COLUMN HEAD OVER ITS BACK PAGE:

"IKE TALKS OF SUMMER SUMMIT."

THE LONDON TIMES PUBLISHED A FULL COLUMN ON THE SPEECH ON ITS MAIN NEWS PAGE, WHILE OTHER PAPERS OF THE RIGHT, CENTER AND LEFT DEVOTED ABOUT HALF A COLUMN ON THEIR FRONT PAGES TO THE STORY.

THE SPEECH WAS ALSO FRONT-PAGE NEWS IN LATE EDITIONS OF ROME NEWSPAPERS.

ED1259AES

A14
AMS BUDGET (550)
GERMAN
BY TOM OCHILTREE

LONDON, MARCH 16 (AP)-DIPLOMATIC SOURCES SAID TODAY THE MAJOR WESTERN POWERS HAVE LAUNCHED AN INTENSIVE REVALUATION OF ALL COLD WAR ISSUES INVOLVING EUROPEAN SECURITY.

THEIR MAIN OBJECTI E IS TO COME UP WITH AN AGREED LIST OF WESTERN PROPOSALS FOR A FOREIGN MINISTERS' CONFERENCE WHICH THE RUSSIANS WOULD HAVE DIFFICULTY IN REJECTING OUT OF HAND.

THAT, IN TURN, WOULD MAKE THE FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE AND A SUMMIT MEETING EXPECTED TO COME LATER THE BIGGEST ARENAS FOR EAST-WEST BARGAINING SINCE THE POTSDAM MEETING OF 1945.

INFORMANTS SAID IT WAS HARD TO PLACE A LIMIT ON THE NUMBER OF PROBLEMS NOW BEING ANALYZED IN THE WESTERN CAPITALS.

THEY INCLUDE GERMANY, BERLIN, THE THINNING OF FORCES IN CENTRAL EUROPE, DISARMAMENT, THE SUSPENSION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS AND THE PROSPECTS OF SLOWLY BUILDING UP CONFIDENCE BETWEEN EAST AND WEST BY VARIOUS FORMS OF MUTUAL INSPECTION OF MILITARY FORCES.

BRITONS CREDIT PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN'S CAPITAL-TO-CAPITAL JOURNEYS FOR STIMULATING THESE STUDIES. THESE BASIC PROBLEMS ARE ALWAYS UNDER REVIEW IN FOREIGN OFFICES, BUT MACMILLAN APPEARS TO BE ACTING AS A POLLINATING AGENT FOR DIPLOMATIC IDEAS.

HE LEAVES EARLY WEDNESDAY FOR OTTAWA AND WASHINGTON. OTHER TRIPS HAVE TAKEN HIM TO MOSCOW, PARIS AND BONN. BEFORE HE LEAVES MACMILLAN IS EXPECTED TO SEE VISITING ITALIAN FOREIGN MINISTER GIUSEPPE PELLA TO LINK ROME'S IDEAS WITH THE THINKING GOING ON IN OTHER WESTERN CENTERS.

SOME SECTIONS OF THE BRITISH PRESS SUGGESTED THAT THE WESTERN POWERS HAVE REACHED BROAD AGREEMENT ON A DRAFT OF AN ALL-GERMAN PEACE TREATY TO BE PRESENTED AT THE FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE EXPECTED AROUND MAY 11.

BUT A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE HE HAD "SEEN NO DRAFT SUCH AS THAT DESCRIBED IN CERTAIN NEWSPAPERS."

HE SAID THIS WHOLE QUESTION AND MANY OTHERS STILL WERE UNDER DISCUSSION, AND ADDED: "I KNOW OF NO DECISION TO TABLE A DRAFT PEACE TREATY."

HIS CAREFULLY PHRASED DENIAL WAS ON A SPECIFIC POINT-WHETHER A PEACE TREATY HAD ALREADY BEEN DRAFTED. HE NOTED THAT THE FLOW OF IDEAS BETWEEN WESTERN CAPITALS HAD NOT YET REACHED A STAGE OF MAKING DRAFTS.

FELIX VON ECKARDT, PRESS CHIEF FOR THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT, TOLD REPORTERS IN BONN THE WESTERN POWERS HAD NOT YET DECIDED WHETHER TO PUT A DRAFT TREATY BEFORE THE FOREIGN MINISTERS' CONFERENCE.

DIPLOMATIC CIRCLES IN LONDON ASSUME THAT A SUMMIT MEETING WILL FOLLOW THE FOREIGN MINISTERS' TALKS AND THEY EXPECT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TO APPROVE SUCH A PLAN.

A FEW BRITISH NEWSPAPERS ARE PICTURING PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND THE STATE DEPARTMENT AS WLRKING FOR A FLEXIBLE DIPLOMATIC APPROACH TO THE RUSSIANS SOMEWHAT ALONG THE LINE FAVORED BY MACMILLAN.

THESE ACCOUNTS SAY THE PRESIDENT IS RECEIVING SUPPORT FROM IMPORTANT FIGURES IN CONGRESS WHILE THE PENTAGON IS SHOWING UNEASINESS ABOUT THE WHOLE TREND IN WESTERN THINKING.

IDEAS REPORTEDLY UNDER DISCUSSION IN VARIOUS WESTERN CAPITALS INCLUDE THE CREATION OF CORRIDORS RUNNING EAST AND WEST THROUGH CENTRAL EUROPE INCLUDING ONE THROUGH BERLIN.

THIS WOULD REPRESENT A NEW TWIST ON THE PLAN PRESENTED BY FORMER PRIME MINISTER EDEN AT THE GENEVA SUMMIT CONFERENCE OF 1955. THE PLAN ENVISAGED A DISENGAGEMENT AREA RUNNING NORTH AND SOUTH ON BOTH SIDES OF THE IRON CURTAIN.

THE LIBERAL NEWS CHRONICLE SAID THE AMERICANS NOW HAD UNDER DISCUSSION A PLAN PROVIDING FOR:

1. A MERGER OF EAST AND WEST GERMANY INTO A LOOSE FEDERATION.
2. A PEACE TREATY WITH THE NEW FEDERATION.
3. A CONCURRENT FREEZING OF EAST AND WEST GERMAN MILITARY FORCES AND GRADUAL WITHDRAWAL OF ALL FOREIGN FORCES FROM BOTH GERMANIES.
4. RETENTION OF TREATY TIES DURING THIS PERIOD. THIS WOULD LEAVE COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY IN THE WARSAW PACT AND WEST GERMANY IN THE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIANCE.

BUT WEST GERMAN CANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER WAS TAKING A COLD ATTITUDE TOWARD ANY PROPOSALS FOR WEAKENING WESTERN MILITARY POWER.

HE WAS QUOTED IN AN INTERVIEW IN BONN AS SAYING THE SOVIET UNION "MUST FINALLY REALIZE THE ABSURDITY OF ITS CONTINUED ASSERTION THAT A RIFLE OR ATOMIC WEAPON IN THE HANDS OF THE WEST MEANS PREPARATION FOR A WAR, WHILE A RIFLE OR ATOMIC WEAPON IN THE HANDS OF THE EAST IS MERELY OF A DEFENSIVE CHARACTER.

"WE C,'T GET ANYWHERE THAT WAY."

HE SAID PLANS TO REDUCE MILITARY STRENGTH "CONTAIN THE DANGER OF PERPETUATING THE STATE OF POLITICAL TENSION IN CENTRAL EUROPE." HE SAID SUCH TENSION COULD BE ABOLISHED ONLY THROUGH A POLITICAL SOLUTION.

HE REITERATED THAT HE SAW NO DANGER OF WAR IN CONNECTION WITH THE GERMAN QUESTION.

UK302PES

A54WX
(550) CONGRESS-DEFENSE
BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

WASHINGTON, MARCH 16 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES WOULD GAIN NOTHING BY "KNUCKLING UNDER" IN BERLIN BECAUSE THE RUSSIANS COULD FIND MANY OTHER EXCUSES TO START A WAR, ADM. ARLEIGH BURKE SAYS.

BURKE, THE CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, TOLD THIS TO THE SENATE PREPAREDNESS SUBCOMMITTEE IN SECRET TESTIMONY LAST FRIDAY. A CENSORED VERSION WAS MADE PUBLIC TODAY.

IF SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV CARRIES OUT HIS THREAT TO TURN OVER TO THE EAST GERMANS CONTROL OF THE FREE WORLD'S ACCESS TO BERLIN, BURKE SAID, THE UNITED STATES HAS TWO CHOICES.

"EITHER WE ACCEPT IT AND KNUCKLE UNDER OR WE DON'T," HE SAID. "AND IF WE KNUCKLE UNDER, THE SUCCEEDING STEPS, THE SUCCEEDING PRESSURES IN OTHER AREAS ARE GOING TO COME FASTER AND FASTER AND FASTER.

"IF RUSSIA WANTS TO MAKE A POINT OF IT, IF THEY WANT TO START A WAR OVER THIS POINT, THEY WILL START A WAR...BUT IF THEY WANT TO START A WAR THEY WOULD START A WAR WHETHER IT IS OVER THIS POINT OR SOME OTHER POINT.

"THEY CAN MAKE THE POINT ANY TIME THAT THEY WANT TO MAKE IT."

IF RUSSIA CHOOSES WAR, BURKE SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS THE MILITARY MIGHT TO DESTROY THE SOVIETS AND WILL CONTINUE TO HAVE IT FOR SEVERAL YEARS.

"OUR STRENGTH NOW AT THE MOMENT IS MUCH GREATER THAN RUSSIA," BURKE SAID. "A YEAR FROM NOW IT WILL STILL BE GREATER THAN RUSSIA.

"WHAT WE HAVE TO HAVE IS THE CAPABILITY TO DESTROY RUSSIA NO MATTER WHAT SHE DOES, AND IN THE FUTURE WE HAVE GOT TO PUT OUR MISSILES IN LOCATIONS WHICH ARE UNKNOWN TO THE ENEMY. INTELLIGENCE IS GOING TO PLAY A TREMENDOUS PART, HAVE A TREMENDOUS EFFECT ON THIS WHOLE PROBLEM."

BOTH BURKE AND GEN. RANDOLPH M. PATE, MARINE CORPS COMMANDANT, TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE THEY FEEL THERE IS MORE DANGER OF A LIMITED WAR THAN OF A GENERAL WAR.

BURKE SAID HE REGARDS A LIMITED WAR AS MORE PROBABLE "BECAUSE THE SOVIETS, IN A GENERAL WAR, WOULD BE DE TROYED, AND WOULD HAVE NOTHING TO GAIN."

1959

WITH THIS IN MIND, BURKE SAID HE REGARDS REDUCTIONS IN THE SIZE OF THE NAVY AND MARINE CORPS AS UNWISE BUT DOES NOT BELIEVE THEY NOW JEOPARDIZE NATIONAL SECURITY.

UNDER QUESTIONING BY SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER LYNDON B. JOHNSON OF TEXAS, BURKE SAID HE THOUGHT THE UNITED STATES HAS ADEQUATE MILITARY FORCES TO SUPPORT ITS FOREIGN POLICY.

"BUT I THINK THAT IF THIS BERLIN CRISIS GOES ON, IF IT GETS DEEPER, WE HAVE GOT TO MOVE," THE ADMIRAL ADDED. "WE CAN'T WAIT UNTIL THE LAST MINUTE."

JOHNSON WANTED TO KNOW WHEN BURKE THOUGHT THAT WOULD BE.

"IT IS A VAGUE THING, SIR," BURKE TESTIFIED, "BUT IT DEPENDS ENTIRELY UPON WHAT RUSSIA DOES, AND I THINK THAT IS PERHAPS WITHIN A MONTH."

SOME PEOPLE THINK IT HAS ALREADY "GOTTEN DEEPER," JOHNSON REMARKED.

"IT IS GETTING WORSE, SIR," BURKE REPLIED.

IN RESPONSE TO QUESTIONS, BURKE SAID THE MARINES "CAN GET ALONG WITH THEIR REDUCTION" FROM 200,000 TO 175,000 MEN "BUT IT IS GOING TO BE VERY DIFFICULT TO DO IT."

THERE HAVE BEEN STRONG PROTESTS IN CONGRESS AGAINST THIS CUT AND A PROJECTED 30,000-MAN REDUCTION IN THE ARMY TO 870,000 MEN. THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION PLANS TO COMPLETE THIS FORCE REDUCTION BY JUNE 30.

WHEN EDWIN L. WEISL, CHIEF COUNSEL FOR THE SUBCOMMITTEE, PRESSED HIM ABOUT THE MANPOWER CUTS, BURKE TESTIFIED:

"IN MY JUDGMENT, WITH THE FUNDS THAT ARE AVAILABLE, THE PERSONNEL REDUCTIONS WERE JUSTIFIED."

WEISL NOTED THAT BURKE HAD PROTESTED AGAINST A CUT IN NAVY STRENGTH AND ASKED:

"YOU BELIEVE THAT IT WAS UNWISE, DO YOU NOT?"

"YES, SIR," BURKE REPLIED.

"YOU SIMILARLY BELIEVE THAT IT WAS UNWISE TO CUT THE MARINE CORPS?" WEISL PRESSED.

"THAT IS CORRECT," BURKE SAID. "THE SECURITY OF THE COUNTRY IS NOT JEOPARDIZED, IN MY OPINION, NOW, SIR."

WEISL ASKED WHETHER "IN VIEW OF THE WORLD SITUATION DO WE HAVE MINIMUM SECURITY FOR THE NATIONAL DEFENSE IN THE ARMY, IN THE NAVY AND IN THE AIR CORPS?"

"YES, SIR," BURKE REPLIED.

MB615PES

A108 1959

SECOND NIGHT LEAD IRAQ (A30) (280)

BY JOSEPH E. DYNAN

CAIRO, EGYPT, MARCH 16 (AP)-PRESIDENT NASSER TONIGHT TURNED HIS ATTACK ON COMMUNISM TO THE SOVIET UNION ITSELF AND ACCUSED SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV OF DISTORTING FACTS.

THE UNITED ARAB REPPUBLIC PRESIDENT, IN A DAMASCUS STATEMENT DISTRIBUTED BY THE SEMI-OFFICIAL MIDDLE EAST NEWS AGENCY, SCORNED KHRUSHCHEV'S CHARGE THAT NASSER WANTS TO BRING IRAQ INTO THE U.A.R.

NASSER HAS BEEN AIRING A STEADY STREAM OF CHARGES AGAINST COMMUNISTS IN THE ARAB WORLD SINCE LAST WEEK'S UNSUCCESSFUL REBELLION AGAINST THE LEFTWARD-LEANING GOVERNMENT IN IRAQ.

BUT NASSER HAD STEERED CLEAR OF DIRECT ATTACKS ON THE SOVIET UNION, NOW DEEPLY INVOLVED WITH THE U.A.R. THROUGH ECONOMIC AID AGREEMENTS, AND ARMS DEALS.

NASSER'S STATEMENT WAS A COMMENT ON KHRUSHCHEV'S DECLARATION AT THE SIGNING OF A SOVIET-IRAQI ECONOMIC AGREEMENT IN MOSCOW TODAY. KHRUSHCHEV ACCUSED NASSER OF STIRRING UP TROUBLE IN IRAQ.

"WE DO NOT INTERFERE IN THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF THE SOVIET UNION OR SUPPORT A FACTION OF IT AGAINST ANOTHER FACTION," NASSER REPLIED.

"WE CONSIDER THAT SUPPORT OF COMMUNISTS IN OUR COUNTRY AND

30.24- 6445

DEFENDING THEM IS A CHALLENGE TO THE PEOPLE OF OUR REPUBLIC."

NASSER ADDED THAT KHRUSHCHEV'S CHARGES ABOUT THE U.A.R. RELATIONS WITH IRAQ INVOLVE "DISTORTION OF FACT BECAUSE WE HAVE ALWAYS ANNOUNCED THAT OUR PATH IS ARAB SOLIDARITY, AND IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE THIS THERE MUST BE UNANIMOUS ARAB APPROVAL."

"MR. KHRUSHCHEV'S SUPPORT OF COMMUNISM IN OUR COUNTRY IS A CHALLENGE TO THE ARAB PEOPLE'S WILL," NASSER ADDED.

HE SAID THE U.A.R. APPRECIATES SOVIET FRIENDSHIP AS LONG AS IT IS ESTABLISHED ON THE BASIS OF NON-INTERFERENCE IN THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF OTHER NATIONS.

"WE HOPE THIS FRIENDSHIP WILL CONTINUE AND FLOURISH," NASSER SAID. "BUT WE CANNOT ACCEPT THE BACKING OF A COMMUNIST MINORITY IN OUR COUNTRY AGAINST THE UANIMITY OF THE ARAB PEOPLE..."

EARLIER U.A.R. VICE PRESIDENT ABDEL HAKIM AMER DECLARED COMMUNIST AGENTS DELIBERATELY PROVOKED THE MOSUL GARRISON UPRISING IN IRAQ AS AN EXCUSE TO CRUSH IRAQI NATIONALISTS.

"THIS IS THE SECRET OF THE REVOLUTION AGAINST INJUSTICE AND DICTATORSHIP," AMER DECLARED AT A CAIRO MEMORIAL SERVICE FOR THE DEAD OF COL. ABDEL WAHAB SHAWAF'S REBEL COMMAND. "IT WAS A REACTION AGAINST THE TERRORISM OF RED AGENTS."

AMER SPOKE AT THE CLIMAX OF A DEMONSTRATION FOR HIS CHIEF, PRESIDENT NASSER, AND AGAINST THE LEFT-LEANING REGIME OF IRAQ'S PREMIER ABDEL KARIM KASSEM BY TENS OF THOUSANDS OF STUDENTS AND WORKERS.

THE VICE PRESIDENT, WHO HOLDS A FIELD MARSHAL'S RANK AND IS DEFENSE MINISTER OF THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC, SUBSTITUTED FOR NASSER. NASSER REMAINED IN DAMASCUS, KEEPING WATCH ON THE INCREASINGLY TENSE RELATIONS BETWEEN THE U.A.R. AND IRAQ. HE OPENED A PROPAGANDA BROADSIDE AGAINST KASSEM FROM THAT SYRIAN CITY LAST WEDNESDAY.

(KASSEM GOT OPEN BACKING IN MOSCOW. PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV ACCUSED NASSER, A RECIPIENT OF EXTENSIVE SOVIET AID, OF STIRRING UP TROUBLE IN IRAQ WITH THE AIM OF BRINGING THAT NATION INTO THE U.A.R. HE SAID "WE ARE ALL PAINED" BY NASSER'S ANTI-COMMUNIST SPEECHES. THE SOVIET UNION AGREED TO LEND IRAQ 550 MILLION RUBLES-- 137 1/2 MILLION DOLLARS BY SOVIET EVALUATION-- TO START VARIOUS INDUSTRIES.)

THE CAIRO DEMONSTRATION, MARKED BY A TWO-HOUR PARADE THROUGH THE STREETS, WAS THE FIRST SUCH MASS TURNOUT OF AN ANTI-FOREIGN NATURE SINCE NASSER TOOK POWER FIVE YEARS AGO.

NOT EVEN DURING THE 1956 SEUZ INVASION, WHEN HOSTILITY TOWARD ISRAEL, BRITAIN AND FRANCE WAS AT ITS PEAK, DID CAIRO AUTHORITIES MOBILIZE OR PERMIT MOBILIZATION OF SUCH A DEMONSTRATION.

THE KEYNOTE OF THE PARADE WAS A PREDICTION BY NASSER IN DAMASCUS THAT THE MOSUL REVOLT OF MARCH 8, WHICH BAGHDAD SAID WAS SPEEDILY PUT DOWN, WAS ONLY THE BEGINNING OF ACTION AGAINST KASSEM'S REGIME.

"DOWN WITH KASSEM, ENEMY OF GOD," STUDENT GROUPS SCREAMED IN RESPONSE TO CUES FROM THEIR LEADERS.

"DEATH TO KASSEM. WE ARE FREE. WE ARE FREE.

"NO COMMUNISM, NO IMPERIALISM IN ANY ARAB NATION."

IN LINE WITH THE U.A.R.'S PROFESSED POLICY OF POSITIVE NEUTRALITY THERE WAS A CHANT: "NO RUBLES, NO DOLLARS."

ONE GROUP CARRIED A COFFIN LABELED "KASSEM," DRAPED WITH A RED FLAG. ATOP IT WAS A PHOTOGRAPH OF KASSEM SPOTTED WITH BLOOD-COLORED PAINT.

THERE WERE A COUPLE OF SWIPES AT THE WEST.

"EISENHOWER MUST NOT SET FOOT ON OUR SOIL," WAS ONE.

ANOTHER HIT AT PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN'S GOVERNMENT OVER BRITISH-PROTECTED BAHRAIN, AN OIL-RICH SHEIKDOM IN THE PERSIAN GULF:

"ARABS OF BAHRAIN ARE AGAINST MACMILLAN'S POLICY."
MOST OF THE PROCESSION QUIETED DOWN AS IT NEARED THE MOSQUES DESIGNATED FOR THE MEMORIAL SERVICE. TWO LEADERS CARRIED A HUGE FLORAL WREATH.
IN HIS CONDEMNATION OF IRAQUI COMMUNISTS AMER CHARGED THAT ARMED GANGS HAD BEEN UNLEASHED TO TERRORIZE THE PEOPLE OF MOSUL, THE METROPOLIS OF OIL-RICH NORTHERN IRAQ 220 MILES NORTHWEST OF BAGHDAD. HE ADDED SCORNFULLY:
"THIS IS THE SORT OF DEMOCRACY THEY PROCLAIM-- A DEMOCRACY OF HANGINGS, ARSON AND THE SUPPRESSION OF NATIONALISM.
"AGENTS WITH THEIR FALSE SLOGANS WILL NEVER SUCCEED IN SOWING DISSENSION BETWEEN OUR TWO PEOPLES. THE U.A.R. PEOPLE ARE READY TO SACRIFICE BLOOD AND TREASURE FOR THE PEOPLE OF IRAQ."
AMER SAID "CRIMINAL COMMUNISTS" WERE SEEKING TO DOMINATE THE ARAB PEOPLES AND THUS REPLACE IMPERIALISTS WHICH HE SAID WERE OUSTED BY NASSER'S POLICY OF INDEPENDENCE.
THE ENTIRE THRONG JOINED AMER IN RECITING A PRAYER FOR THE IRAQI REBELS, ASKING GOD TO PUNISH "TYRANTS, OPPRESSORS, TRAITORS AND INTRUDERS" AND REFERRING TO THE RULERS OF BAGHDAD AS COMMUNIST AGENTS.
AUTHORITIES PLAN A SIMILAR DEMONSTRATION IN ALEXANDRIA WEDNESDAY.
THE DAMASCUS PRESS, MEANWHILE, CONTINUED TO REPORT SPORADIC FIGHTING BETWEEN REBELS AND GOVERNMENT FORCES IN NORTHERN IRAQ.
TU411PES

A58
NIGHT LEAD KHRUSHCHEV (WITH CAIRO A30) (540)
BY HAROLD K. MILKS
MOSCOW, MARCH 16 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION TODAY LOANED 550 MILLION RUBLES TO IRAQ AND PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV WARNED PRESIDENT NASSER NOT TO FORCE CONFEDERATION ON IRAQ.
(THE LOAN RECALLED SIMILAR SOVIET AID TO NASSER'S UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC BEFORE HE HARDENED AGAINST COMMUNISM.)
SPEAKING AT A KREMLIN RECEPTION FOR IRAQIS WHO SIGNED THE LOAN AGREEMENT, KHRUSHCHEV SAID IRAQ MUST DECIDE FOR ITSELF WHETHER TO JOIN NASSER'S U.A.R.
THE SOVIET PREMIER CHARGED NASSER WITH TRYING TO STIR UP TROUBLE IN IRAQ AND FORCE IT INTO THE U.A.R.
SPEAKING MORE IN A MANNER OF REGRET THAN IN ANGER, KHRUSHCHEV UPBRAIDED NASSER FOR INTERFERENCE IN IRAQI AFFAIRS AND TOLD THE IRAQIS, "YOU HAVE SLEFLESS AND RELIABLE FRIENDS WHO ARE READY TO COME TO YOUR AID ANY TIME YOU ARE IN TROUBLE."
HE ALSO CRITICIZED THE U.A.R. PRESIDENT FOR HIS RECENT SPEECHES IN DAMASCUS ATTACKING THE COMMUNIST-INFLUENCED REGIME OF IRAQI PREMIER ABDEL KARIM KASSEM AND ACCUSING THE COMMUNISTS OF BEING AGENTS OF A FOREIGN POWER INTENT ON DIVIDING THE ARAB WORLD.
(AFTER LAST WEEK'S REVOLT BY ANTI-COMMUNIST, PRO-NASSER ELEMENTS IN NORTHERN IRAQ, NASSER ACCUSED KASSEM OF PURSUING A POLICY HOSTILE TO THE U.A.R. AND OF DISRUPTING ARAB UNITY. NASSER SAID THE REDS USED THE REVOLT AS AN EXCUSE TO PUT DOWN ANTI-COMMUNIST OPPOSITION IN IRAQ.)
KHRUSHCHEV SAID "I MUST ADMIT THAT WE WERE ALL CHAGRINED BY PRESIDENT NASSER'S LATEST SPEECHES IN DAMASCUS IN WHICH HE USED THE LANGUAGE OF IMPERIALISTS IN SPEAKING ABOUT COMMUNISM AND COMMUNISTS."
REFERRING TO THE REVOLUTION LED BY KASSEM THAT DESTROYED THE PRO-WESTERN IRAQI MONARCHY LAST JULY 14, KHRUSHCHEV SAID "NASSER EXPRESSED A DESIRE TO SEE ME AND EXCHANGE VIEWS..... SO WE HAD A MEETING IN MOSCOW."
THE SOVIET LEADER SAID HE "REJOICED TOGETHER WITH HIM (NASSER) AT THE SUCCESS OF THE IRAQI REVOLUTION. . ."
BUT GRADUALLY, KHRUSHCHEV DECLARED, "MR. NASSER'S ATTITUDE TO THE IRAQI REVOLUTION BEGAN TO ALTER. WE FAIL TO UNDERSTAND WHY THIS HAPPENED."

NASSER, SAID KHRUSHCHEV, "INSISTS ON THE ACCESSION OF THE IRAQI REPUBLIC TO THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC."
KHRUSHCHEV SAID THE AGREEMENT TO GIVE TECHNICAL AND ECONOMIC AID TO IRAQ "IS FRIENDLY AND DISINTERESTED. IT DOES NOT STIPULATE ANY POLITICAL, MILITARY OR OTHER CONDITIONS."
HE ADDED THAT THE SOVIETS "GAVE THE SAME HELP TO EGYPT AND SYRIA" BEFORE THEY WERE MERGED IN THE U.A.R. AND, SINCE THEIR UNION, HAS CONTINUED IT.
HE SAID THE SOVIET UNION HAD NEVER MEDDLED AND DID NOT INTEND TO MEDDLE IN AFFAIRS OF THIS KIND. "BUT," HE ADDED, "WE ARE NOT INDIFFERENT TO THE SITUATION EMERGING IN THE AREA CLOSE TO OUR FRONTIERS."
THE RUSSIAN ASSERTED THAT FUTURE RELATIONS BETWEEN THE SOVIET UNION AND THE U.A.R. WILL, "I THINK, CONTINUE AS BEFORE. WHEN WE ESTABLISHED OUR PRESENT RELATIONS WITH NASSER WE KNEW OF HIS ANTI-COMMUNIST FEELINGS.
"BUT WE THOUGHT HE WOULD BE MORE ATTENTIVE TO PROGRESSIVE AND DEMOCRATIC FORCES. BUT HE NOW IS NOT ONLY SUPPRESSING SUCH FORCES IN HIS OWN COUNTRY BUT TRYING TO DO IT IN OTHER COUNTRIES AS WELL.
"SUCH A POLICY IS DOOMED TO FAILURE."
(THE LAST ANNOUNCED SOVIET AID TO THE U.A.R. WAS A 400 MILLION RUBLE LOAN LAST YEAR FOR WORK ON THE ASWAN HYDRO-ELECTRIC DEVELOPMENT ON THE NILE. PRIOR TO THAT NASSER HAD ACCEPTED ARMS FROM THE COMMUNIST EAST EUROPE ON CREDIT BACKED BY EGYPTIAN COTTON CROP FUTURES.)
THE AGREEMENT WITH IRAQ CALLS FOR THE 550 MILLION RUBLE LOAN TO BE REPAYABLE AT 2 1/2 PER CENT INTEREST. AT THE OFFICIAL RATE OF EXCHANGE 4 RUBLES EQUAL ONE U.S. DOLLAR.
A JOINT COMMUNIQUE SAID THE RUSSIANS WILL PROVIDE SOVIET TECHNICAL AID TO HELP IRAQ BUILD UP ITS CHEMICAL, METALLURGICAL AND OTHER LIGHT INDUSTRIES, FOOD PLANTS AND IRRIGATION SYSTEMS.
JR&KL632PES

A136
WITH NIGHT LEAD IRAQ
CAIRO, MARCH 16 (AP)-THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC PROTESTED TODAY TO IRAQ AGAINST THE ALLEGED VIOLATION BY TWO IRAQI FIGHTER PLANES OF U.A.R. AIRSPACE MARCH 14.
THE MIDDLE EAST NEWS AGENCY, A SEMI-OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE U.A.R. GOVERNMENT, SAID FATHY RADWAN, DIRECTOR OF THE FOREIGN MINISTRY'S ARAB AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT, CHARGED IRAQ WITH AGGRESSION IN A REPORTED STRAFING INCIDENT BY TWO IRAQI FIGHTER PLANES LAST SATURDAY ON TWO SYRIAN VILLAGES NEAR THE IRAQI BORDER.
THE PROTEST WAS DELIVERED TO IRAQI AMBASSADOR FAIK EL SAMMARAI, THE AGENCY SAID.
VS1138PES

B25 (Q)

IRAQ-U.A.R. (290)
WARSAW, POLAND, MARCH 16 (AP)-SYRIA'S OUTLAWED COMMUNIST CHIEF, KHALED BAGDASH, TODAY DENOUNCED PRESIDENT NASSER'S UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC GOVERNMENT AS THE CHIEF OBSTACLE IN THE WAY OF ARAB UNITY.
HE SAID THE BAATH (SOCIALIST) PARTY IN HIS HOMELAND WAS MADE UP OF "ADVENTURES AND MURDERERS TAKING THEIR INSPIRATION FROM YUGOSLAV REVISIONISTS FOR THE PROFIT OF AMERICAN IMPERIALISTS."
DELEGATES TO THE THIRD CONGRESS OF THE POLISH UNITED WORKERS' (COMMUNIST) PARTY CHEERED THIS STRONGEST ATTACK EVER MADE AGAINST NASSER'S REGIME IN AN IRON CURTAIN COUNTRY.
THE CHARGE THAT YUGOSLAVIA WAS BEHIND EGYPTIAN POLICIES WAS APPARENTLY BASED ON THE FACT THAT PRESIDENT TITO RECENTLY VISITED NASSER.

BAGDASH SAID THAT "IN SYRIA THERE HAVE BEEN HUNDREDS OF ARRESTS AND MURDERS AND POLICE METHODS HAVE BEEN USED AGAINST COMMUNISTS."

HE DENOUNCED EGYPT FOR "ACCEPTING THE SMILES OF WASHINGTON" AND LAUNCHING A "REACTIONARY ATTACK AGAINST THE IRAQ REPUBLIC--THE UNCONQUERED BASTION OF THE ARAB NATIONALIST MOVEMENT."

"UNFORTUNATELY," SAID THE SYRIAN COMMUNIST, "THE ARAB NATIONAL LIBERATION MOVEMENT IS PASSING THROUGH A DIFFICULT PERIOD. ITS FORCES ARE IN DECAY OR A STATE OF NEAR DECAY. THIS HAS BEEN CAUSED BY THE ATTACK OF THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC ON IRAQ.

"ARAB-EGYPTIAN DIFFERENCES ARE EVER INCREASING, OWING TO EGYPT'S ATTEMPTS TO TURN THE ARABS AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION. THE WHOLE RESPONSIBILITY FALLS SQUARELY ON CERTAIN GROUPS IN THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC.

"A POLICY BASED ON ANTI-COMMUNISM MUST END IN DEFEAT. THE ARAB NATIONAL MOVEMENT WANTS TO UNITE ALL ARABS IN ONE STATE BASED ON THE SAME LANGUAGE AND OTHER NATIONAL CHARACTERISTICS, AND UNITED IN THE STRUGGLE AGAINST IMPERIALISM. A SMALL GROUP OF EGYPTIAN BOURGEOIS, HOWEVER, WANTS TO UNITE THE ARABS IN ONE STATE SUBJECT TO THEIR OWN CLASS PREJUDICES. THE UNITED STATES IMPERIALISTS SUPPORT THIS SHORT-SIGHTED POLICY."

RP RQ433PES

A38

AMS BUDGET

IRAQ ANALYSIS (300)

BY WILTON WYNN

DAMASCUS, SYRIA, MARCH 16 (AP)-SIX POTENT WORDS REPEATED OVER AND OVER BY PRESIDENT NASSER SPELL OUT THE MAIN LINES OF HIS ATTACK AGAINST ARAB COMMUNISTS.

NASSER HAS TALKED HIMSELF HOARSE IN MARATHON SPEECHES SINCE PREMIER ABDEL KARIM KASSEM'S IRAQI GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCED THE CRUSHING OF A PRO-NATIONALIST REBELLION IN MOSUL LAST WEEK.

THESE SPEECHES REPRESENT BY FAR THE MOST DAMAGING ATTACK YET MADE AGAINST COMMUNISM IN THE ARAB WORLD. HERE ARE WORDS WHICH DEAL TELLING BLOWS AT WEAK POINTS IN THE ARMOR OF ARAB COMMUNISTS:

1. SUBORDINATION--NASSER SAYS KASSEM AND THE COMMUNISTS ACCEPTED SUBORDINATION, THAT THEY AGREED TO PLAY THE ROLE OF JUNIOR PARTNER TO A FOREIGN POWER. THIS IS A CARDINAL SIN IN THE ARAB WORLD. IT MEANS ALIGNMENT WITH A MAJOR WORLD BLOC AND VIOLATION OF THE ARAB DOCTRINE OF POSITIVE NEUTRALITY.

2. AGENTS--THIS WORD IS USED AS A SYNONYM FOR COMMUNISTS IN NASSER'S SPEECHES. IT IS AN ACCUSATION THAT KASSEM AND THE COMMUNISTS ARE UNDERMINING THEIR OWN COUNTRY IN THE INTEREST OF A FOREIGN POWER. THIS PUTS KASSEM AND CO. IN A CLASS WITH "LACKEYS OF IMPERIALISM" WHOM NASSER HAS SO SCATHINGLY ATTACKED IN THE PAST.

3. SEPARATIONISTS--ANOTHER SYNONYM FOR COMMUNISTS. THE IMPLICATION IS THAT KASSEM AND THE COMMUNISTS OPPOSE ARAB UNITY AND ARAB NATIONALISM. IF THIS LABEL STICKS, IT WOULD PUT THEM IN THE SAME CATEGORY AS IMPERIALISTS AND ZIONISTS IN ARAB EYES. OVER AND OVER AGAIN NASSER HAS PLAYED ON THE WORD KASSEM, WHICH IN ARABIC CAN MEAN DIVIDER.

4. HERESY--THIS IS AN ACCUSATION THAT KASSEM AND THE COMMUNISTS ARE ANTI-ISLAM. NASSER SAID YESTERDAY MOST IRAQIS ARE DEVOUT MOSLEMS, YET ATHEISTIC COMMUNISTS ARE TRYING TO DOMINATE THEM.

5. TERROR--REPEATEDLY NASSER HAS ATTACKED WHAT HE CALLS THE COMMUNIST REIGN OF TERROR IN IRAQ. HE DENOUNCED "THE DEMOCRACY OF THE GALLOWS, OF COMMUNIST COURTS IN THE STREETS, OF MURDERING EVERYONE WHO REJECTS COMMUNISM."

6. DICTATORSHIP--NASSER USUALLY ADDS MODIFIERS SUCH AS "RED," "TERROR," OR "COMMUNIST," WHEN HE CALLS THE KASSEM REGIME A DICTATORSHIP. HE CONTENDS KASSEM IS STIFLING NATIONALIST ELEMENTS WHILE A SMALL COMMUNIST MINORITY IS SEIZING POWER IN IRAQ.

RA49PES

30.24- 6447

A63

(290)

BY A. I. GOLDBERG

MOSCOW, MARCH 16 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION SAYS IT DOES NOT RECOGNIZE IRAN'S RECEPT REPUDIATION OF 1921 TREATY PROVISIONS GIVING THE RUSSIANS THE RIGHT TO SEND TROOPS INTO IRAN UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS.

SOVIET INTERNATIONAL LAW AUTHORITY S. GOLUNSKY, WRITING IN PRAVDA, SAID IRAN'S RENUNCIATION OF THE TREATY CLAUSES WAS A "CLUMSY ATTEMPT" TO FREE ITSELF OF ITS OBLIGATIONS.

THE SOVIETS PREVIOUSLY HAVE CHARGED IRAN WITH ALLOWING THE UNITED STATES TO USE IRAN AS A SPRINGBOARD FOR ATTACK ON RUSSIA. GOLUNSKY SAID THE DISPUTED ARTICLES OBLIGE BOTH NATIONS NOT TO PERMIT THE PRESENCE OF TROOPS OF ANY THIRD STATE ON THEIR TERRITORY WHICH CREATE A THREAT TO THE SECURITY OF THE OTHER.

IRAN MAINTAINS THE ARTICLES ARE NO LONGER VALID BECAUSE THEY WERE DESIGNED TO PROTECT THE BOLSHEVIK GOVERNMENT AFTER THE 1917 REVOLUTION FROM ANTI-COMMUNIST EMIGRES. IRANIAN OFFICIALS SAY THE SOVIETS SUBSEQUENTLY AGREED WITH THIS INTERPRETATION IN A DIPLOMATIC EXCHANGE FORMALLY INCORPORATED INTO THE 1921 TREATY.

THE SOVIET UNION USED THE 1921 TREATY IN 1941 AS JUSTIFICATION FOR JOINT OCCUPATION OF IRANIAN TERRITORY WITH THE BRITISH, WHEN THE GERMANS THREATENED TO TAKE THE COUNTRY OVER.

-DASH-

IRANIAN FOREIGN MINISTER ALI ASGHAR HEKMAT MET MEANWHILE WITH SOVIET AMBASSADOR NIKOLAI PEGOV IN TEHRAN TO PROTEST SOVIET AND CZECHOSLOVAKIAN ANTI-IRANIAN PROPAGANDA.

AN IRANIAN FOREIGN MINISTRY SPOKESMAN DENIED A MOSCOW RADIO CLAIM THAT IRANIAN TROOPS WERE BEING GATHERED ON THE IRAQI BORDER TO CAUSE UNREST IN IRAQ.

"THIS REPORT IS SIMILAR TO AN EARLIER CLAIM THAT THE BAGHDAD PACT POWERS WERE BEHIND THE RECENT IRAQ REVOLT," HE SAID, ADDING "ALL THESE INTRIGUES ORIGINATED FROM COUNTRIES WHO ARE AGAINST IRAN-IRAQ FRIENDLY RELATIONS."

IRAN ALSO PROTESTED AGAINST "UNAUTHORIZED FLIGHTS" BY SOVIET MILITARY PLANES OVER ITS NORTHERN TERRITORIES. A NOTE TO THE SOVIET EMBASSY SAID 81 SUCH FLIGHTS HAD BEEN MADE IN THE PAST THREE MONTHS, NEARLY ALL OVER THE AZERBAIJAN AND KHORASAN BORDER AREAS.

R625AES

A114

LONDON, MARCH 16 (AP)-KREMLIN LEADER MIKHAIL SUSLOV WENT ON A TOUR OF THE HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT TODAY AND SAW THE DEATH WARRANT OF KING CHARLES I-- BEHEADED IN 1649 IN THE CIVIL WAR THAT BROUGHT A TEMPORARY END TO THE BRITISH MONARCHY.

"AH," SAID THE SOVIET COMMUNITY PARTY SECRETARY WRYLY, "YOU SEE WE DID NOT EXPORT REVOLUTION TO YOU."

TU944AES

A149

(200)

BY ANTHONY WHITE

LONDON, MARCH 16 (AP)-MIKHAIL SUSLOV, A HIGH-RANKING SOVIET COMMUNIST, BEGAN PRIVATE TALKS TODAY ON THE GERMAN PROBLEM WITH BRITISH LABORITES -- MEN WHO WOULD FORM THE GOVERNMENT IF LABOR WINS THE NEXT GENERAL ELECTION.

SUSLOV IS HERE ON AN UNOFFICIAL TRIP, BUT A LABORITE MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT SAID HE PROBABLY HAS THE SPECIFIC MISSION OF SOUNDING OUT OPINION IN THE LABOR PARTY.

PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN'S CONSERVATIVE GOVERNMENT IS WIDELY EXPECTED TO CALL A GENERAL ELECTION IN MAY OR OCTOBER. THE RUSSIANS PROBABLY WANT TO KNOW WHAT KIND OF PEOPLE THEY WILL HAVE TO DEAL WITH IF THE CONSERVATIVES ARE BEATEN, SAID THE LABORITE M.P., STEPHEN SWINGLER.

SUSLOV, A SECRETARY OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY AND THE PARTY'S TOP THEORETICIAN, IS HERE IN RESPONSE TO AN INVITATION OF THE ANGLO-RUSSIAN PARLIAMENTARY GROUP OF THE LABOR PARTY TO THE SUPREME SOVIET, RUSSIA'S PARLIAMENT, TO SEND ONE OF ITS MEMBERS TO BRITAIN.

SWINGLER SAID PARTY MEMBERS WERE FRANKLY SURPRISED WHEN SUSLOV WAS NAMED. THEY HAD EXPECTED SOME JUNIOR COMMUNIST.

SUSLOV LUNCHED WITH THE LABORITES AND LATER HELD MORE FORMAL DISCUSSIONS ON THE GERMAN QUESTION.

TOMORROW HUGH GAITSKELL, THE PARTY LEADER, AND ANEURIN BEVAN, WHO WOULD BE FOREIGN SECRETARY IN A LABOR GOVERNMENT--WILL JOIN IN THE CONVERSATIONS.

"WE WANT TO START BY FINDING A BASIS FOR AGREEMENT ON SOME FORM OF DISENGAGEMENT IN CENTRAL EUROPE AND THEN WORK UP FROM THERE, FILLING IN THE DETAILS," SWINGLER SAID.

THE IDEA OF THINNING OUT OR PULLING BACK TROOPS OF EAST AND WEST FROM AN AREA OF CENTRAL EUROPE IS POPULAR AMONG SOME BRITISH POLITICIANS. IT HAS BEEN REGARDED COOLLY IN PARIS, BONN AND WASHINGTON.

JF12NOONEST

A95

FIRST LEAD SUEZ (A48) (140)

LONDON, MARCH 16 (AP)-BRITAIN'S CONSERVATIVE GOVERNMENT TONIGHT SURVIVED ANOTHER SCATHING ATTACK ON THE HANDLING OF THE 1956 SUEZ INVASION AND ITS AFTERMATH.

WITH OPPOSITION LABORITES SHOUTING DISAPPROVAL, THE HOUSE OF COMMONS DEFEATED A CENSURE MOTION 300 TO 230. THEN THE GOVERNMENT MOTION FOR APPROVAL OF THE AGREEMENT SETTLING FINANCIAL CLAIMS ARISING FROM THE SUEZ WAR WAS CARRIED WITHOUT A FORMAL VOTE.

DEFEAT COULD HAVE BROUGHT DOWN THE GOVERNMENT. BUT PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN MADE ONE OF THE HARDEST HITTING SPEECHES OF HIS CAREER AND SHARPLY CRITICIZED LABOR PARTY LEADER HUGH GAITSKELL.

"WITH THE AMERICANS, HE (GAITSKELL) WOULD REVIVE ALL THE BITTER CONTROVERSY OF TWO YEARS AGO AND UNDO ALL THE WORK OF RECONCILIATION OF THE LAST TWO YEARS," MACMILLAN SAID.

HE CHIDED ANEURIN BEVAN, ONCE A LABOR PARTY REBEL AND NOW LABOR'S CHIEF FOREIGN AFFAIRS SPOKESMAN, AS "A SHORN SAMSON, SURROUNDED ON THE FRONT BENCH BY A BEVY OF PRIM AND AGING DELILAHS."

COMPENSATION FOR BRITONS WHO LOST THEIR PROPERTY IN EGYPT WAS THE BASIS FOR TONIGHT'S ARGUMENT.

LABORITES CHARGED THE CONSERVATIVE GOVERNMENT HAD ACCEPTED EGYPTIAN COMPENSATION COVERING ONLY A FRACTION OF THE LOST PROPERTY.

OPPOSITION LEADER HUGH GAITSKELL INTRODUCED THE FORMAL CENSURE MOTION. HE HIT OUT NOT ONLY AT THE COMPENSATION TERMS IN THE RECENT ANGLO-UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC FINANCIAL SETTLEMENT--BUT AT THE WHOLE SUEZ OPERATION.

GOVERNMENT SPOKESMEN REPLIED THE SETTLEMENT WAS A PRACTICAL COMPROMISE AND CLEARED THE WAY TO RESTORE BRITISH TRADE WITH EGYPT.

THE AGREEMENT, SIGNED LAST MONTH, PROVIDES, AMONG OTHER THINGS, THAT THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC WILL PAY 27 1/2 MILLION POUNDS (77 MILLION DOLLARS) "IN FULL AND FINAL SETTLEMENT" FOR BRITISH PRIVATE PROPERTY "EGYPTIANIZED" BY THE NASSER REGIME.

IT GIVES EGYPT USE OF 41 MILLION POUNDS ($114,800,000) STERLING BALANCES, WHICH THE BRITISH HAD BLOCKED.

IT PROVIDES FOR RESUMPTION OF NORMAL TRADE RELATIONS BUT NOT DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS.

CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER DERICK HEATHCOAT AMORY TOLD PARLIAMENT THE SETTLEMENT WAS "NECESSARILY A COMPROMISE."

HE SAID NEITHER THE BRITISH NOR THE EGYPTIANS HAD GOT EXACTLY WHAT THEY WANTED AND BOTH HAD TO "MOVE QUITE A LONG WAY TO MEET ONE ANOTHER. SO NEITHER COULD BE COMPLETELY SATISFIED."

HE SAID ABOUT TWO-THIRDS OF ALL BRITISH PROPERTY IS TO BE RETURNED TO 4,000 PRIVATE OWNERS AND ABOUT 300 BUSINESS ORGANIZATIONS.

GAITSKELL SAID LABOR RECOGNIZED THE NEED FOR A FINANCIAL SETTLEMENT, BUT REGRETTED THAT HEAVY LOSSES TO BRITISH CITIZENS AND THE BRITISH NATION SHOULD HAVE BEEN ACCEPTED.

HIS MOTION CHARGED THE ASSAULT ON SUEZ "GRAVELY DAMAGED BRITISH REPUTATION IN THE WORLD AND IS NOW GENERALLY ADMITTED TO HAVE BEEN A DISASTROUS ACT OF FOLLY ALMOST WITHOUT PARALLEL IN BRITISH HISTORY."

P527PES

A139

LONDON, MARCH 16 (AP)-BRITAIN SAID TODAY JAPANESE PREMIER NOBUSUKE KISHI HAS ACCEPTED AN INVITATION TO VISIT HERE JULY 12-16.

VS1140PES

S41

THE HAGUE, NETHERLANDS, MARCH 26 (AP)-THE WORLD COURT TODAY BEGAN HEARING ISRAEL'S CLAIM FOR DAMAGES FROM BULGARIA IN CONNECTION WITH THE SHOOTING DOWN OF AN ISRAELI AIRLINER OVER BULGARIAN TERRITORY IN JULY 1955. FIFTY-EIGHT PERSONS PERISHED.

BULGARIA PRESENTED FIVE PERLIMINARY OBJECTIONS DISPUTING THE COURT'S JURISDICTION. SHATAI ROSENNE IS REPRESENTING THE ISRAELI GOVERNMENT AND DR. NISSIM NEVORAH THE BULGARIAN GOVERNMENT.

THOSE KILLED IN THE INCIDENT INCLUDED BRITISH AND U.S. NATIONALS. CLAIMS AGAINST BULGARIA BY BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES ARE SCHEDULED TO COME BEFORE THE COURT LATER THIS YEAR.

LS508PES

A137

GENEVA, MARCH 16 (AP)-THE DAILY SESSION OF THE THREE-NATION NUCLEAR TEST BAN TALKS WAS CANCELLED AGAIN TODAY. WESTERN SOURCES SAID THE THREE DELEGATES, REPRESENTING THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND RUSSIA, DECIDED TO CANCEL BECAUSE "THERE WAS NOTHING WHICH COULD USEFULLY BE DISCUSSED."

THE TALKS HAVE BEEN DEADLOCKED FOR WEEKS ON RUSSIA'S REFUSAL TO ACCEPT A VETO-FREE INTERNATIONAL CONTROL AND AN INSPECTION SYSTEM TO POLICE A TEST BAN.

VS1139PES

1959

S56 (268)

BERLIN, MARCH 16 (AP)-WALTER ULBRICHT, BOSS OF EAST GERMANY'S RULING COMMUNIST PARTY, DECLARED TODAY THE GERMAN PROBLEM SHOULD BE SOLVED WITH A SUMMIT CONFERENCE THAT WOULD PAVE THE WAY FOR A PEACE TREATY CONFERENCE.

HE MADE NO MENTION OF A FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE.

ULBRICHT'S COMMENTS WERE CONTAINED IN AN INTERVIEW WITH THE LONDON

DAILY EXPRESS. EXCERPTS WERE PUBLISHED TODAY BY THE OFFICIAL EAST GERMAN NEWS AGENCY ADN.

ULBRICHT'S WORDS ABOUT A SUMMIT CONFERENCE ECHOED THOSE OF SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV, WHO HAS LONG BEEN PROPOSING A SUMMIT MEETING. THE WESTERN ALLIES PREFER A FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING AND KHRUSHCHEV AGREED TO THE WESTERN SUGGESTION EARLIER THIS MONTH. SO FAR NO DATE HAS BEEN FIXED.

ULBRICHT'S COMMENT CAME AFTER HIS INTERVIEWER ASKED WHAT STEPS HE BELIEVED THE WEST SHOULD TAKE TO LESSEN WORLD TENSION. ULBRICHT'S REPLY:

"IN MY OPINION THE NEXT, NECESSARY STEPS WOULD BE THE CONVENING OF A SUMMIT CONFERENCE WHICH WOULD BE FOLLOWED BY A PEACE CONFERENCE."

"WE HOPE THAT A SUMMIT CONFERENCE WOULD AT LEAST PRODUCE AGREEMENT ON SOME QUESTIONS, SUCH AS THE ENDING OF NUCLEAR TEST EXPLOSIONS, THE CREATION OF AN ATOM FREE ZONE IN EUROPE, THE PREPARATION OF A PEACE CONFERENCE WHICH WOULD HAVE THE PURPOSE OF CONCLUDING A PEACE TREATY--AND LAST BUT NOT LEAST--A SOLUTION OF THE WEST BERLIN QUESTION."

ULBRICHT ADDED IT IS RIDICULOUS TO SAY THAT WEST BERLIN WOULD BE WORTH A WAR.

"THERE IS ABSOLUTELY NO INTERNATIONAL PROBLEM WHICH COULD BE SOLVED WITH A THIRD WORLD WAR," ULBRICHT SAID. "WE ARE OF THE OPINION THAT ALL QUESTIONS CAN AND MUST BE SOLVED.....STEP BY STEP THROUGH NEGOTIATIONS."

JS165EAES

A134

WARSAW, MARCH 16 (AP)-THE POLISH GOVERNMENT TODAY ORDERED LEONARD STORM, AN ATTACHE AT THE BELGIAN EMBASSY, TO LEAVE THE COUNTRY.

STORM SAID HIS EXPULSION WAS A REPRISAL FOR BELGIUM'S RECENT ORDER EXPELLING A MINOR EMPLOYE OF THE POLISH EMBASSY IN BRUSSELS ON SPY CHARGES.

30.24- 6449

THE POLISH ORDER TO STORM SAID HE WAS BEING THROWN OUT OF THE COUNTRY FOR PAST ACTIVITIES BUT DID NOT ELABORATE.

"I KNOW NOTHING ABOUT THESE ALLEGED PAST ACTIVITIES, "STORM TOLD NEWSMEN.

VS1135PES

A78

JERUSALEM, MARCH 16 (AP)-ISRAELI PRIME MINISTER DAVID BEN-GURION TONIGHT ACCUSED PRIME MINISTER NEHRU OF INDIA OF BEING UN-NEUTRAL IN ISRAEL'S CONFLICT WITH THE ARABS.

BEN-GURION TOLD PARLIAMENT NEHRU HAD PROMISED ISRAELI REPRESENTATIVES THAT INDIA WOULD ESTABLISH DIPLOMATIC RELATIIONS WITH ISRAEL BUT HAD NOT YET DONE SO. INDIA MAINTAINS DIPLOMATIC TIES WITH THE MAJOR ARAB NATIONS.

"THIS ILLUSTRIOUS LEADER OF A GREAT COUNTRY," BEN-GURION SAID, "WHO CLAIMS TO BELIEVE IN NEUTRALITY, HAS BEHAVED IN A QUITE UN-NEUTRAL FASHION TOWARD ISRAEL ALL ALONG BY STAYING AWAY FROM ISRAEL IN ALL HIS VISITS TO OUR NEIGHBORING COUNTRIES."

JE742PES

B24 (Q)

-17-

NIGHT LEAD UZBEK (180)

MOSCOW, MARCH 16 (AP)-THE SHAKEUP IN THE LEADERSHIP OF THE COTTON-GROWING REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN IN CENTRAL ASIA CONTINUED TODAY WITH ANNOUNCEMENT BY TASS THAT MANSUR MIRZA-AKHMEDOV HAS BEEN FIRED AS PREMIER.

PRAVDA ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY THAT MIRZA-AKHMEDOV AND FIRST PARTY SECRETARY SABIR M.KAMALOV HAD BEEN EVICTED FROM THE COMMUNIST PARTY LEADERSHIP OF UZBEKISTAN FOR SHORTCOMINGS AND MISTAKES.

TODAY'S TASS ANNOUNCEMENT WAS THE FIRST NEWS THAT MIRZA-AKHMEDOV HAD LOST HIS TOP GOVERNMENTAL POST AS WELL, THOUGH HIS EVICATION FROM THE PARTY LEADERSHIP MADE IT A FOREGONE CONCLUSIONM.

ARIF A.ALIMOV WAS NAMED PREMIER TO REPLACE MIRZA-AKHMEDOV. ALIMOV WAS MINISTER FOR COTTON OF UZBEKISTAN IN 1950 AND 1951 AND HAS HAD A VARIED CAREER IN PARTY AND GOVERNMENT POSTS IN UZBEKISTAN. UNTIL HIS NEW APPOINTMENT TODAY HE WAS A SECRETARY OF THE PARTY AND MEMBER OF THE BUREAU OF THE UZKEK PARTY'S CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

ALTHOUGH THE CRITICISM OF MIRZA-AKHMEDOV AND KAMALOV IN THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF THEIR DOWNFALL YESTERDAY WAS GENERAL AND DID NOT NAME SPECIFIC ERRORS, THE CAUSE IS LIKELY TO BE TROUBLE IN COTTON-GROWING, SINCE THIS IS THE CRUCIAL ASPECT OF THE ECONOMY OF UZBEKISTAN.

KAMALOV WAS SUCCEEDED BY SHARAF R.RASHIDOV AS FIRST PARTY SECRETARY.

RP423PES

G79

WX BA

KARACHI, MARCH 16 (AP)-FINANCE MINISTER MOHAMMED SHOAIB RETURNI FROM THE UNITED STATES TONIGHT WITH A PROMISE OF MORE U.S. AID TO PAKISTAN.

HE TOLD NEWSMEN PAKISTAN WILL GET SUBSTANTIALLY GREATER ECONOMIC AID FROM THE UNITED STATES DURING THE NEXT ECONOMIC YEAR.

THE FINANCE MINISTER VISITED LONDON, WASHINGTON, NEW YORK AND OTTAWA TO SEED MORE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR PAKISTAN'S DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS, INCLUDING ITS FIRST FIVE-YEAR PLAN WHICH ENDS IN MID-1960.

HE SAID CANADIAN AID TO PAKISTAN WOULD ALSO BE STEPPED UP.

JB938PES

A106
(120)
MANILA, MARCH 16 (AP)-TWO JAPANESE DIPLOMATS TREKKED THROUGH THE JUNGLE YESTERDAY IN AN EFFORT TO GET TWO WORLD WAR II HOLDOUTS TO SURRENDER BUT THEIR ANSWER WAS A VOLLEY OF SHOTS.

THE HOLDOUTS ARE LT. HIROO ONODA AND SGT. KINSHICHI KOTSUKA, WHO TOOK REFUGE IN THE JUNGLE OF LUGANO ISLAND AFTER THE END OF THE WAR. POSTERS, NEWSPAPERS AND LETTERS FROM RELATIVES IN JAPAN LEFT IN MAIL-BOXES POSTED IN THE JUNGLE HAVE FAILED TO BRING THEM OUT.

YESTERDAY CONSUL SHICHIRO KONO AND ATTACHE KATSUO ICHINOSHI, WITH TWO JAPANESE CIVILIANS, PHILIPPINE POLICE AND GUIDES TRIED TO REACH THE PAIR. THE DIEHARD SOLDIERS OPENED FIRE ON THEM, THEN ESCAPED IN THE THICK VEGETATION.

THE ONLY CASUALTY WAS THE PARTY'S FILIPINO MOTORBOAT DRIVER, ARTMIO GARAY, WHO GOT MINOR CUTS AS HE RAN INTO THE BUSH TO ESCAPE THE FIRING.

MJ917AES

A77
NIGHT LEAD HUSSEIN
TAIPEI, FORMOSA, MARCH 16 (AP)-KING HUSSEIN OF JORDAN AND PRESIDENT CHIANG KAI-SHEK EXCHANGED PLEDGES TONIGHT TO COOPERATE IN THE STRUGGLE AGAINST COMMUNISM.

THE 23-YEAR-OLD ARAB MONARCH AND THE 72-YEAR-OLD LEADER OF NATIONALIST CHINA SPOKE AT A BANQUET GIVEN BY HUSSEIN NEAR THE WINDUP OF HIS VISIT TO FORMOSA. TOMORROW THE KING HEADS FOR THE UNITED STATES FOR A THREE-WEEK SAY.

JE7AOPES

1959

B35 (SEG)
TAIPEI, FORMOSA, MARCH 16 (AP)-KING HUSSEIN OF JORDAN SAID TODAY THERE SHOULD BE NO COMPROMISES MADE TO COMMUNISM AT THE EXPENSE OF PEOPLES THREATENED BY IT.

"THERE SHOULD BE A FIRM STAND EVERYWHERE," HUSSEIN TOLD A PRESS CONFERENCE.

THE YOUNG MONARCH, WHO IS COMPLETING HIS FIRST VISIT TO FORMOSA, PRAISED CHIANG KAI-SHEK AS A GREAT LEADER AND EXPRESSED CONFIDENCE THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS WOULD ACHIEVE THEIR AIM OF OVERTHROWING THE MAINLAND COMMUNISTS.

HE SAID HE FELT THE PEOPLE OF JORDAN WERE DOING THE SAME THING AS THE FORMOSA CHINESE--FIGHTING TO PROTECT THEIR LAND, NATIONALISM, BELIEFS AND RELIGION.

"PEOPLE CLOSER TO THE DANGER AREA HAVE A CLOSER UNDERSTANDING THAN THOSE FAR AWAY FROM IT," HUSSEIN SAID.

HE SHIED AWAY FROM COMMENTING ON THE IRAQ SITUATION, SAYING HE LEFT JORDAN BEFORE THE UNSUCCESSFUL IRAQI REVOLT TOOK PLACE. HE ADDED, HOWEVER, "ANY INSTABILITY ANYWHERE IN OUR (MIDDLE EAST) AREA IS A THREAT TO THE AREA."

HUSSEIN WILL FLY TO THE UNITED STATES TOMORROW. HE SAID HE PLANS TO SPEND ABOUT THREE WEEKS THERE.

WA628AES

B92 (Q 1N)
DT
TAIPEI, MARCH 16 (AP)-TWO AMERICAN NUCLEAR EXPERTS, PROF. RALPH A. SAWYER AND PROF. WILLIAM KERR OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY, ARRIVED HERE TODAY TO HELP THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS IN THEIR PROGRAM OF SCIENCE EDUCATION. THEY WILL SPEND 10 DAYS IN FORMOSA.

THE PROFESSORS CAME HERE UNDER AN AGREEMENT RECENTLY CONCLUDED BETWEEN MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY AND THE INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION. THIS PROVIDED FOR ASSISTANCE BY THE UNIVERSITY IN THE PROGRESS OF NUCLEAR EDUCATION PROJECTS WHICH RECEIVE AMERICAN AID.

JS1233PES

A70
TOKYO, MARCH 16 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION TODAY HANDED OVER 13 JAPANESE FISHERMEN SEIZED JAN. 28 ON CHARGES OF TRESPASSING ON SOVIET TERRITORIAL WATERS.

THE JAPANESE MARITIME SAFETY AGENCY SAID THE 13, CREW MEMBERS OF THE 79-TON KAIHO MARU NO. 35, WERE TRANSFERRED FROM A SOVIET PATROL BOAT TO A JAPANESE BOAT OFF KAMOME ISLAND, NEAR THE SOVIET-OCCUPIED ISLAND OF SHIKOTAN.

THE RUSSIANS CONFISCATED THE FISHING VESSEL.

SO FAR, RUSSIA HAS SEIZED FIVE JAPANESE VESSELS AND 33 CREWMEN THIS YEAR. LAST YEAR, THE SOVIETS SEIZED 547 FISHERMEN AND 79 BOATS, OF WHICH 49 BOATS AND 527 MEN WERE LATER RETURNED.

R655AES

A128
AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR TUESDAY AMS MARCH 17
BY JAMES CARY (740)
(ADVANCE) TOKYO, MARCH 16 (AP)-THERE'S SOUL SEARCHING AND HEART-BREAK AMONG JAPAN'S 600,000 KOREANS TODAY.

MOST SAY THEY WANT TO GO HOME. BUT THEY DIFFER SHARPLY AS TO WHEN, UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS AND TO WHICH KOREA--THE COMMUNIST NORTH OF ANTI-COMMUNIST SOUTH.

THE PLIGHT OF THESE REMNANTS OF NEARLY TWO MILLION IMPORTED MAINLY TO WORK IN JAPAN'S WORLD WAR II INDUSTRIES HAS BEEN DRAMATIZED BY JAPAN'S CONTROVERSIAL PLAN TO RETURN THOSE DESIRING TO NORTH KOREA.

"WE LIVE IN GHETTOS. WE HAVE NO JOBS," SAYS KIM YUNG JUN, SECRETARY-GENERAL OF MINDAN, AN ORGANIZATION SUPPORTING THE SOUTH KOREAN GOVERNMENT. "MANY OF US WANT TO GO HOME, BUT WE THINK JAPAN SHOULD PAY US COMPENSATION FIRST, AND SHOULD LET US TAKE WITH US THE PROCEEDS OF SELLING OUR PROPERTY HERE."

JUNG WU TEK, OF THE NORTH KOREAN-AFFILIATED CHOSOREN ORGANIZATION, SPEAKS SIMILARLY.

"WE WERE BROUGHT HERE AS SLAVE LABOR AND NOW WE ARE REFUSED WORK BECAUSE WE'RE KOREANS," HE SAID."LIVING IS HARD. BESIDES THIS IS A FOREIGN COUNTRY. WE WANT TO GO HOME AND RAIS OUR CHILDREN AS KOREANS."

HOME IS SOUTH KOREA IN THE ONE CASE AND NORTH KOREA IN THE OTHER.

THE BACK-TO-KOREA ISSUE WAS TOUCHED OFF BY NORTH KOREAN PREMIER KIM IL SUNG LAST SEPT. 8 IN A STATEMENT THAT HIS NATION--REPORTEDLY SHORT OF MANPOWER--WOULD WELCOME ANY RETURNING FROM JAPAN.

THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT FEB. 13 ANNOUNCED IT WOULD ASK THE INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS COMMITTEE (CICR) TO DETERMINE THOSE WHO WANTED TO GO, AND REPATRIATE THEM EN MASSE. SOUTH KOREA BRANDED IT "DEPORTATION TO SLAVERY." THE PLAN IS STILL PENDING.

JUNG, SPOKESMAN FOR THE NORTH KOREAN GROUP, OUTLINED HIS VIEWS AT CHOSOREN'S TOKYO HEADQUARTERS. A HUGE NORTH KOREAN RED FLAG FLYS FROMTHE BUILDING'S STAFF. A FULL SIZE PORTRAIT OF KIM IL SUNG DECORATES THE ANCIENT, BATTERED STAIRWAY.

"THE NORTH KOREAN GOVERNMENT HAS PROMISED US JOBS AND FREE EDUCATION," HE SAID. "THEY'RE ALREADY BUILDING HOUSES TO RECEIVE US.

"WE HAVE SIGNATURES OF 117,000 KOREANS WHO SAY THEY WANT TO GO . . . WE DON'T WANT TO GO TO SOUTH KOREA BECAUSE THERE ARE MILLIONS OF UNEMPLOYED AND LITTLE FOOD. "THERE IS NO HUMAN LIBERTY THERE UNDER THEIR NEW SECURITY LAW. . .

"SOUTH KOREA HASN'T OFFERED TO TAKE US BACK, BUT NORTH KOREA HAS . . . JAPAN SHOULD HAVE DIRECT TALKS WITH NORTH KOREA--JUST AS IT DID WHEN JAPANESE WERE REPATRIATED FROM THERE (IN 1956)--AND THEN CALL IN THE CICR IF AGREEMENT CAN'T BE REACHED."

KIM, OF THE SOUTH KOREA GROUP, CHARGED THE 117,000 FIGURE IS EXAGGERATED, AND SAID THE SIGNATURES WERE OBTAINED UNDER FALSE PRETENSES AND THROUGH WELL-FINANCED, HIGH-PRESSURE SALESMANSHIP. HE STATED:

"THERE ARE 400 HARDCOE NORTH KOREAN AGENTS IN JAPAN. "WE KNOW WHO THEY ARE AND I PRESUME THE JAPANESE POLICE DO TOO. I HAVE SEEN THEM AT WORK. THEY VISIT A KOREAN FAMILY IN GROUPS OF FOUR AND FIVE AND ASK THEM TO SIGN PETITIONS. THE PETITIONS ARE PRESENTED MERELY AS REQUESTS TO OVERCOME THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT'S REFUSAL TO SEND THOSE WHO WANT TO GO. . .

"NORTH KOREA HAS SPENT MORE THAN 600 MILLION DOLLARS ON PROPAGANDA IN JAPAN SINCE APRIL, 1955. . . IT HAS HELPED FINANCE CHOSOREN. WE ARE FINANCED ONLY BY OUR MEMBER'S DUES.

"JAPAN COULD SPEED UP THIS RETURN IF IT WOULD PAY US COMPENSATION FOR OUR WARTIME SERVICE, AS IT DID ITS OWN CITIZENS, AND IF IT WOULD REMOVE ITS BAN ON NOT TAKING MORE THAN 45,000 YEN ($124.65) OUT OF THE COUNTRY. KOREANS COULD THEN SELL WHAT PROPERTY THEY HAVE AND TAKE THE MONEY WITH THEM."

THESE TWO OFFICIAL STANDS ARE ECHOED REPEATEDLY BY INDIVIDUAL KOREANS IN THEIR SHABBY SETTLEMENT ON THE SOUTHERN, INDUSTRIAL FRINGE OF TOKYO.

THOSE FAVORING SOUTH KOREA OFTEN SAY THEY WANT TO STAY IN JAPAN FOR THE PRESENT BECAUSE THEY HAVE JAPANESE WIVES. THOSE FAVORING NORTH KOREA WANT TO RETURN NOW.

"WHY SHOULDN'T I WANT TO GO," SAYS LEE NAM KEOL, 30, A FATHER OF TWO YOUNG BOYS. "I HAVE NO JOB. THERE'S NO FUTURE FOR ME HERE. I DON'T WANT MY CHILDREN TO GO THROUGH THE SAME THING. THEY'LL GROW UP TO BE HOODLUMS IF I GO ON LIVING HERE."

KIM YONG BEOM, 45, WHOSE SYMPATHIES LIE WITH THE SOUTH, SAYS NEVERTHELESS HE WILL GO TO NORTH KOREA TO GET WORK "IF THE OTHERS GO."

"I'M NOT TOO ENTHUSIASTIC ABOUT IT," HE ADMITS. "BUT I HEARD LIVING IS BETTER." HE SAID MOST OF THE PEOPLE IN HIS NEIGHBORHOOD OPPOSE REPATRIATION TO NORTH KOREAM.

KIM BYUNG KYU, 60, SAID SIMPLY: "I WANT TO GO TO NORTH KOREA BECAUSE KOREA IS MY COUNTRY. THEY WILL GIVE US JOBS. MY WIFE AND I WANT TO DIE ON KOREAN SOIL. THERE IS NO WORK IN SOUTH KOREA. MY SONS MIGHT BE DRAFTED INTO THE ARMY THERE."

SUN CHONG KU SAID HE HAS NEVER HAD A STEADY JOB SINCE COMING TO JAPAN IN 1944. HE HOPES FOR A BETTER FUTURE IN NORTH KOREA.

ALMOST EVERY KOREAN TALKED TO SHOWED CONCERN OVER HIS CHILDREN HAVING A BETTER LIFE AND RETAINING THEIR IDENTITY AS KOREANS. THERE ARE AN ESTIMATED 150,000 KOREANS ATTENDING JAPANESE GRAMMAR AND HIGH SCHOOLS BUT ONLY 23,000 IN 200 PRIVATELY FINANCED KOREAN SCHOOLS.

ALL KOREANS WHO HAVE LEFT JAPAN SINCE WORLD WAR II HAVE GONE TO SOUTH KOREA. THE REMAINING 600,000--3 PER CENT OF THEM ORIGINALLY FROM WHAT IS NOW NORTH KOREA--REPRESENT ONE OF THE REMAINING LARGE, DISPLACED POPULATIONS OF THE WORLD.

END ADVANCE FOR TUESDAY AMS MARCH 17--MOVED MARCH 15

PDLIF915PES

1959

30.24- 6451

A124

BY GORDON TAIT (200)

BROADBEACH, AUSTRALIA, TUESDAY, MARCH 17 (AP)-AUSTRALIA AND RUSSIA ANNOUNCED TODAY AN AGREEMENT TO RESUME MUTUAL DIPLOMATIC REPRESENTATION. THE RESPECTIVE EMBASSIES HAVE BEEN IDLE SINCE A 1954 DISPUTE OVER A SPY CASE.

AUSTRALIA'S FOREIGN SECRETARY ~~RUBEN ARLC~~ Richard G. CASEY SAID HE AND SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER NICOLAI P. FIRUBIN HAD "TWO OR THREE BUSINESSLIKE AND DECISIVE MEETINGS OVER A GLASS OR TWO OF VODKA."

BOTH ARE HERE FOR THE CONFERENCE OF THE U.N.'S ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR ASIA AND THE FAR EAST (ECAFE).

RUSSIA, ANGRY AFTER AUSTRALIA GRANTED POLITICAL ASYLUM TO VLADIMIR PETROV, THIRD SECRETARY OF THE RUSSIAN EMBASSY IN AUSTRALIA, WITHDREW ITS CANBERRA EMBASSY STAFF IN 1954 AND ORDERED THE AUSTRALIANS OUT OF MOSCOW.

PETROV, WHO HAS SINCE LIVED IN AUSTRALIA, CONFESSED THAT HE WAS A RUSSIAN SPY.

CASEY SAID AT A NEWS CONFERENCE NOTHING WAS MENTIONED IN THE TALKS ABOUT THE CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH THE BREACH OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS OCCURRED.

HE INDICATED AUSTRALIA HAS PUT STRONG PRESSURE ON THE RUSSIANS FOR RELEASE FROM THE SOVIET UNION OF RELATIVES OF RUSSIANS NOW IN AUSTRALIA. CASEY ADDED HE UNDERSTOOD THERE WERE SOME 1,000 SUCH RELATIVES. HE SAID FIRUBIN HAD PROMISED TO DO HIS BEST.

THE AUSTRALIAN OFFICIAL SAID THEY ALSO TALKED ABOUT THE ANTARCTIC WHERE THE RUSSIAN INTERNATIONAL GEOPHYSICAL YEAR TEAM IS STILL CAMPED ON TERRITORY CLAIMED BY AUSTRALIA.

DF1050PES

1959

B26

NIGHT LEAD ECAFE (220

BY GORDON TAIT

BROADBEACH, AUSTRALIA, MARCH 16 (AP)-A SPOKESMAN FOR SOUTH VIET NAM SUGGESTED TODAY A GREAT PART OF ASIA WILL ONE DAY BE UNITED IN A COMMON MARKET PROGRAM.

VIETNAMESE DELEGATE TRAN-LE-QUANG EXPRESSED HIS VIEWS IN A DISCUSSION OF ASIAN TRADE AT THE 25-NATION MEETING OF THE ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR ASIA AND THE FAR EAST (ECAFE).

HE SAID HE LOOKED TO THE TIME WHEN A GREAT PART OF THE POPULOUS AREA WOULD BE FORMED INTO A VAST ECONOMIC UNIT FOR COMMERCIAL DEALINGS WITH THE REST OF THE WORLD.

THE IDEA IS BEING PIONEERED BY SIX EUROPEAN NATIONS--FRANCE, WEST GERMANY, ITALY, BELGIUM, THE NETHERLANDS AND LUXEMBOURG. WITH A PROGRAM FOR READJUSTMENT OF PRICES AND TARIFFS, THEY INAUGURATED THE EUROPEAN COMMON MARKET JAN. 1.

TRAN-LE-QUANG EXPRESSED BELIEF THE EUROPEAN COMMON MARKET WILL BENEFIT INTERNATIONAL TRADE AS WELL AS ITS MEMBERS.

ON THE OTHER HAND, THE RUOPEAN COMMON MARKET WAS ASSAILED BY A SOVIET DELEGATE, MRS. ALEXANDRA G. PIROJKOVA. SHE ASSERTED IT COULD BECOME A SERIOUS OBSTACLE TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF WORLD TRADE AND LEAD TO A WORSENING OF THE TRADE POSITION IN THE ECAFE REGION.

U.S. DELEGATE CHRISTOPHER H. PHILLIPS SAID THE UNITED STATES IS CONFIDENT 1959 WILL BRING RENEWED GROWTH IN ITS TRADE WITH THE ENTIRE ECAFE REGION.

THE TRADE DISCUSSION WILL BE CONTINUED TOMORROW. IT IS TO BE FOLLOWED BY TALKS ON ASIA'S INLAND TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS.

RQ438PES

D63
(250)
BY GORDON TAIT
BROADBEACH, AUSTRALIA, MARCH 16 (AP)-A SOVIET TRADE OFFICIAL APPEALED TODAY FOR MORE COMMERCE BETWEEN THE U.S.S.R. AND THE FAR EAST.
MRS. ALEXANDRA G. PIROJKOVA, CHIEF OF THE SOUTHEAST ASIA SECTION OF THE SOVIET MINISTRY FOR FOREIGN GRADE, TOLD DELEGATES TO THE 23-NATION MEETING OF THE ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR ASIA AND THE FAR EAST (ECAFE) THAT RUSSIA WILL TRADE WITH ANY COUNTRY "REGARDLESS OF ITS SOCIAL OR ECONOMIC STRUCTURE."
SHE SAID THE SOVIET UNION NOW TRADES WITH 17 ECAFE NATIONS, COMPARED WITH 6 IN 1947 AND THAT HER COUNTRY'S TRADE VOLUME WITH THE AREA HAS INCREASED 750 PER CENT SINCE THAT TIME.
SOVIET TRADE IN THE ECAFE AREA WAS VALUED AT MORE THAN TWO BILLION DOLLARS LAST YEAR, SHE SAID.
MRS. PIROJKOVA MENTIONED MALAYA AND THE PHILIPPINES AS NATIONS THE SOVIETS ARE NOT NOW DOING BUSINESS BUT WITH THOM THEY HOPE TO DO SO.
SOUTH VIET NAM DELEGATE TRAN-LE-QUANG ATTACKED THE PRACTICE BY "CERTAIN COUNTRIES WITH STATE ECONOMY AND REGIMENTATION" OF DUMPING RAW MATERIALS AND MANUFACTURED GOODS.
"THEY HAVE BEEN ABLE TO FLOOD INTERNATIONAL MARKETTS WITH ENORMOUS QUANTITIES OF BOTH PRIMARY PRODUCTS AND MANUFACTURED GOODS ESPECIALLY TEXTILES AND IRON WARE," HE SAID IN AN OBVIOUS REFERENCE TO RED CHINA.
TRAN-LE-QUANG SAID SEVERAL COUNTRIES HAVE PROHIBITED IMPORTS OF ALL CHINESE COMMUNIST PRODUCTS.
CHRISTOPHER H. PHILLIPS, THE CHIEF U. S. DELEGATE, PREDICTED RENEWED GROWTH IN U.S. TRADE WITH THE ENTIRE ECAFE REGION.
HE SAID RECENT CURRENCY CONVERTIBILITY DECISIONS BY A NUMBER OF EUROPEAN NATIONS MEANT THERE WAS NO LONGER ANY FINANCIAL REASON FOR DIFFERENTIATING BETWEEN SO-CALLED HARD AND SOFT CURRENCY MARKETS IN LICENSING IMPORTS.
PHILLIPS URGED ASIAN COUNTRIES TO A CONSTANT EFFORT TO SEEK OUT AND ENCOURAGE NEW PRODUCTS FOR WHICH FOREIGN MARKETS COULD BE DEVELOPED
JF145PES

A148WX
WASHINGTON, MARCH 16 (AP)-A STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL SAID TODAY THE GOVERNMENT IS NOT ENCOURAGING AMERICAN STUDENTS TO GO TO THE FORTHCOMING COMMUNIST-RUN YOUTH FESTIVAL IN VIENNA BUT DOES NOT PLAN TO OBJECT TO INDIVIDUALS WHO DO GO.
"IT'S UP TO THEIR OWN JUDGMENT," AS TO WHETHER TO ATTEND THE FESTIVAL, THE INFORMANT SAID.
HOWEVER, HE SAID, THE DEPARTMENT HAS CONSISTENTLY TAKEN A POSITION AGAINST U. S. STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS PARTICIPATING IN THE VIENNA GATHERING AND HAS TRIED TO MAKE IT PLAIN TO THESE GROUPS THAT THE FESTIVAL IS COMMUNIST-DOMINATED.
THE U. S. ORGANIZATIONS CONCURRED AND NONE OF THEM ARE TAKING PART, HE SAID.
SOME AMERICAN STUDENTS WENT TO A SIMILAR FESTIVAL IN MOSCOW TWO YEARS AGO. AT THAT TIME, THE STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL SAID, SOME OF THE STUDENTS ACTED TO THE CREDIT OF THE UNITED STATES AND SOME DID NOT.
THUS IN THIS CASE, HE SAID, "WE WOULD HAVE NO OBJECTIONS" TO ATTENDANCE BY WELL-QUALIFIED STUDENTS WHO WOULD REFLECT CREDIT ON THEIR COUNTRY.
EG1216AES

A123WX
SEATO
WASHINGTON, MARCH 16 (AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT ANNOUNCED TODAY C. DOUGLAS DILLON WILL HEAD THE U. S. DELEGATION TO THE SIXTH MANILA PACT (SEATO) MEETING.
THE ANNOUNCEMENT WAS THE FIRST OFFICIAL DISCLOSURE THAT ACTING SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN HERTER WOULD NOT MAKE THE TRIP TO WELLINGTON, NEW ZEALAND, FOR THE APRIL 8-10 SESSION.
SECRETARY OF STATE JOHN FOSTER DULLES, HOSPITALIZED WITH CANCER, HAS NEVER MISSED A MEETING BEFORE.
DILLON, UNDERSECRETARY FOR ECONOMIC AFFAIRS, RANKS SECOND TO HERTER IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT.
THERE WAS NO FORMAL EXPLANATION OF WHY HERTER DECIDED NOT TO HEAD THE U. S. DELEGATION, BUT OFFICIALS SAID HERTER APPARENTLY FEELS HIS PRESENCE IS REQUIRED IN WASHINGTON NEXT MONTH.
EG1048PES NM AST

A120WX
(370) NIGHT LEAD TAX FOUNDATION
BY STERLING F. GREEN
WASHINGTON, MARCH 16 (AP)-A PENTAGON SPOKESMAN TODAY DEPLORED WHAT HE CALLED THE EFFORTS OF CONGRESS MEMBERS TO FORCE UPON THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT MORE MONEY THAN IT WANTS.
WILFRED J. MCNEIL, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE, TOLD THE NATIONAL TAXPAYERS CONFERENCE: "WE THINK A 41 BILLION DOLLAR MILITARY BUDGET IS BIG ENOUGH." HE ASSURED THE GROUP THIS COUNTRY IS NOT SECOND BEST IN ARMED STRENGTH.
MCNEIL SPOKE AT A MEETING ARRANGED BY THE TAX FOUNDATION INC., NEW YORK, AND ATTENDED BY OFFICERS OF STATE TAXPAYER ORGANIZATIONS.
"THERE PROBABLY WILL NEVER AGAIN BE A WAR REQUIRING FORCES OF THE MAGNITUDE OF THE FORCES ENGAGED IN KOREA WITHOUT ATOMIC WEAPONS OF LIMITED SIZE BEING USED," HE SAID.
"THUS IT IS OF UTMOST IMPORTANCE TO ELIMINATE OUTMODED WEAPONS AND PRACTICES WHICH ARE COSTLY AND WOULD HAVE NO PLACE IN FUTURE WARFARE."
FOR THE PAST SEVERAL YEARS, MCNEIL SAID, DEFENSE OFFICIALS HAVE FOUND THEMSELVES IN "A PECULIAR SITUATION FOR BUREAUCRATS" -- THAT OF TRYING TO TELL CONGRESS THEY DON'T NEED MORE MONEY. HE ADDED:
"BUT APPARENTLY THE ELECTED REPRESENTATIVES AGAIN WILL TRY TO FORCE US TO TAKE MORE."
MCNEIL DECRIED THE ATTITUDE OF THOSE WHO "ON LEAVING CLOSED DEFENSE HEARINGS, STRESS ONLY THE BAD NEWS." THIS APPARENTLY REFERRED TO LEAKS FROM SECRET SESSIONS OF CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES AT WHICH HIGH MILITARY OFFICERS TESTIFY.
THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY, WHO IS COMPTROLLER OF THE MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT, SAID THE DEPARTMENT IS ANXIOUS TO KEEP THE NATION'S DEFENSES STRONG ON A STABLE LEVEL OF SPENDING.
"WE ALSO TRY TO THINK ABOUT WHAT IS REQUIRED TO KEEP THE COUNTRY STRONG ECONOMICALLY," HE ADDED.
"WE FEEL WE MUST USE FORESIGHT AND RESTRAINT NOW IF WE HOPE TO HAVE A STRONG ECONOMY IN 1965 AND 1970."
GOVERNMENT SPENDING COULD APPROACH 80 BILLION DOLLARS IN FISCAL 1961 EVEN IF CONGRESS ADDS NO NEW FEDERAL PROGRAMS, A BUDGET BUREAU OFFICIAL PREDICTED IN ANOTHER APPEAL FOR SUPPORT OF THE ADMINISTRATION'S ECONOMY DRIVE.
VARIOUS BUILT-IN INCREASES IN THE COST OF EXISTING PROGRAMS ARE SUFFICIENT TO DRIVE TOTAL SPENDING TO ANOTHER PEACETIME RECORD, SAID RAOUL ARCHAMBAULT JR., ASSISTANT BUDGET DIRECTOR.
ARCHAMBAULT SAID THESE EXPANDING PROGRAMS, TOGETHER WITH UNCONTROLLABLE COSTS LIKE INTEREST ON THE NATIONAL DEBT AND INTERNATIONAL COMMITMENTS, APPARENTLY WILL ADD TWO TO THREE BILLION DOLLARS IN 1961 TO THE 77 BILLION DOLLAR BUDGET WHICH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER HAS SUBMITTED FOR FISCAL 1960, STARTING NEXT JULY 1.
EG1032PES

A106WX

(340) SOVIET AGENTS

WASHINGTON, MARCH 16 (AP)-THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES PUBLISHED TESTIMONY TODAY THAT SOME RUSSIANS WHO SEEK POLITICAL ASYLUM IN THE UNITED STATES ARE SOVIET AGENTS IN DISGUISE.

THE INFORMATION WAS GIVEN TO THE COMMITTEE BEHIND CLOSED DOORS BY PETR (CORRECT) S. DERIABIN, A 38-YEAR-OLD NATIVE OF SIBERIA WHO DEFECTED TO THE WEST IN 1954. THE COMMITTEE DECLINED TO SAY WHEN THE TESTIMONY WAS TAKEN.

IT DID SAY CHECKS SHOWED THAT DERIABIN WAS "THOROUGHLY RELIABLE, TRUSTWORTHY AND IN ALL RESPECTS BONA FIDE" AND HAS RENDERED INVALUABLE SERVICES TO THE UNITED STATES.

AT THE TIME OF HIS FLIGHT TO THE WEST, DERIABIN WAS A SOVIET INTELLIGENCE OFFICER IN VIENNA.

ASKED BY RICHARD ARENS, COMMITTEE STAFF DIRECTOR, WHETHER THE SOVIET INTELLIGENCE SYSTEM USED "PHONY DEFECTORS" TO INFILTRATE FREE COUNTRIES, DERIABIN SAID "THEY USE THEM VERY OFTEN."

"IT IS VERY HARD NOW FOR SOVIETS TO PUT THEIR OWN AGENTS INSIDE THE UNITED STATES OR OTHER WESTERN COUNTRIES," HE TESTIFIED, ADDING:

"IT IS VERY HARD TO RECRUIT, ACTUALLY, AMERICAN PEOPLE TO BE SOVIET SPIES.

"FOR THIS REASON THEY ARE USING THEIR OWN AGENTS. THEY ORDER THEM TO GO TO THE UNITED STATES UNDER POLITICAL ASYLUM, ASK FOR POLITICAL ASYLUM, AND THEN BECOME SOVIET SPIES. THROUGH THEM THEY ARE GOING TO FIND METHODS OF AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE, HOW THEY ARE WORKING."

IN SOME CASES, HE SAID, AN AGENT MAY WAIT TEN YEARS OR MORE BEFORE ACTUALLY BEGINNING HIS SPY OPERATIONS. SUCH AGENTS ARE KNOWN AS "SLEEPERS" BECAUSE THEY ARE IDLE UNTIL GIVEN A SIGNAL TO START WORK, HE EXPLAINED.

DERIABIN SAID SOVIET ESPIONAGE AGENTS WORK UNDER SOVIET EMBASSIES, THE TASS (SOVIET) NEWS AGENCY, SOVIET TRADE ORGANIZATIONS AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS. HE ESTIMATED THAT 60 TO 70 PER CENT OF TASS REPRESENTATIVES ARE ACTUALLY SOVIET INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS.

HE SAID A SOVIET INTELLIGENCE OFFICER WAS A MEMBER OF A DANCING UNIT WHICH RECENTLY TOURED THE UNITED STATES, WHILE THE CHIEF OF A SOVIET RELIGIOUS DELEGATION TO THE UNITED STATES IN 1956 WAS "ACTUALLY AN AGENT." HE IDENTIFIED THE DANCING FIGURE AS "LT. COL. KUDRIAVTSEV" AND THE RELIGIOUS PERSONAGE AS "ARCHBISHOP NIKOLAY."

EG&CZ926PES

A60WX

(370) ADVANCE FOR 6:30 P.M., EST TODAY

MOSCOW MORALS

BY WILLIAM F. ARBOGAST

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MARCH 16 (AP)-SOVIET LEADERS LIKE TO WINE AND DINE AND THROW WILD PARTIES. THE AVERAGE RUSSIAN CITIZEN THINKS AMERICAN CONGRESSMEN HAVE IT PRETTY SOFT, TOO.

THAT INFORMATION WAS GIVEN TO THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES BY PETR (CORRECT) S. DERIABIN, IDENTIFIED AS A FORMER SOVIET INTELLIGENCE AGENT WHO FLED TO THE UNITED STATES IN 1954.

THE COMMITTEE MADE PUBLIC DERIABIN'S TESTIMONY TODAY.

THE COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN, REP. FRANCIS E. WALTER (D-PA), SAID IN OPENING THE COMMITTEE SESSION THAT "IT IS THE INFORMATION OF THIS COMMITTEE FROM UNIMPEACHABLE SOURCES IN THIS GOVERNMENT THAT OVER THE COURSE OF THE LAST FIVE YEARS THE WITNESS...HAS RENDERED TO THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES, VIA INTELLIGENCE AND OTHER APPROPRIATE AGENCIES OF THE GOVERNMENT, INVALUABLE SERVICES."

THERE WERE INDICATIONS THAT DERIABIN, ALTHOUGH HE DEFECTED IN 1954, HAD BEEN KEPT UNDER WRAPS DURING THE PAST FIVE YEARS. IN A NOTE ACCOMPANYING THE TESTIMONY, THE COMMITTEE SAID "THIS TESTIMONY WHICH WILL SPEAK FOR ITSELF IS THE FIRST PUBLIC REVELEATION OF THE WITNESS."

30.24- 6453

THE EX-RUSSIAN SAID HE WAS IN A GOOD POSITION TO KNOW HOW THE TOP BRASS IN MOSCOW SPENT ITS SPARE TIME, BEING A MEMBER OF THE GROUP WHOSE JOB WAS TO GUARD GOVERNMENT LEADERS DAY AND NIGHT.

HE SAID HE HAD INTIMATE CONTACT WITH SUCH MEN AS STALIN, KHRUSHCHEV, MALENKOV, MIKOYAN, SUKOV AND BULGANIN.

HERE ARE SOME OF HIS PERSONAL OBSERVATIONS:

"SOVIET LEADERS DO NOT WORK FOR THEIR OWN PEOPLE. THEY ARE WORKING AND LIVING JUST FOR THEMSELVES. . . MOST OF THEM ARE SERVING FOR THEMSELVES. . . I WAS IN THE UNITED STATES CONGRESS A FEW DAYS AGO, JUST TO SEE AROUND, AND I SAW WHERE CONGRESSMEN DINED. . . I DIDN'T SEE TOO MUCH DIFFERENCE BETWEEN WHAT THE CONGRESSMEN EAT AND WHAT THE PEOPLE EAT. . .

"ALL SOVIET PEOPLE THINK THAT THE UNITED STATES CONGRESSMEN DON'T WORK FOR THE PEOPLE, THAT THEY HAVE BIG OFFICES WITH GOLD AND PACKETS OF MONEY AND ARE JUST TAKING A REST."

HOW ABOUT THE LOWDOWN ON SOVIET HIGH JINKS?

"WELL, EVERY SOVIET LEADER HAS HIS OWN PRIVATE LIFE, AND THE PEOPLE DON'T KNOW HOW THEY LIVE. . . ALL OF THEM HAVE GOOD HOUSES, WHICH BELONG TO THE GOVERNMENT. THEY HAVE PRIVATE HOSPITALS, STORES, DRUGS, AND PRIVATE HOMES WHERE THEY ARE TAKING RESTS AND EVERYTHING."

DERIABIN DESCRIBED STALIN'S SON, VASILI, AS "AN ALCOHOLIC AND A THOROUGHLY CORRUPTED INDIVIDUAL; ALWAYS TOO MUCH DRINKING, WITH PROSTITUTES, ORGANIZING LOUD PARTIES IN HIS OWN PLACE AND SOMEWHERE ELSE."

HE SAID ONE POPOV, SECRETARY OF THE MOSCOW COMMITTEE PARTY, ORGANIZED "MANY, MANY TIMES PARTIES, I WOULD SAY EVERY WEEK, TWO OR THREE, WITH PROSTITUTES, WITH DANCING ON THE TABLES AND TOO MUCH DRINKING."

HE TOLD ABOUT A WEDDING PARTY TOSSED BY THE MINISTER OF RAILROAD TRANSPORT FOR HIS DAUGHTER.

"HE BUILT A RAILROAD SPUR FROM MOSCOW TO THEIR COUNTRY HOME, ABOUT 40 KILOMETERS. THEN THERE WAS THE MARRIAGE TRAIN, WITH MANY CARS ON IT, AND A FEW HUNDRED GUESTS WHO WENT TO THAT PARTY. THEY SPENT THE GOVERNMENT'S MONEY."

MB&EG641PES

A85WX (NAVY ALERT & BOLIVIA AHEAD)

(110) SHIPS

WASHINGTON, MARCH 16 (AP)-REP. RICHARD E. LANKFORD (D-MD) SAID TODAY THE U. S. FLEET IS ON A SPECIAL ALERT--BUT THE NAVY SAID NO.

LANKFORD, A MEMBER OF THE HOUSE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE, HIT OUT, IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR THE FLEET RESERVE ASSN., AT WHAT HE TERMED "ADMINISTRATION PLANS TO REDUCE THE SIZE OF THE ARMED FORCES" AND "APPARENT WILLINGNESS TO ACCEPT NUMERICAL INFERIORITY IN MISSILES AND UNWILLINGNESS TO PREPARE ADEQUATELY TO COPE WITH LIMITED WAR."

LANKFORD SAID NAVAL FORCES HAD BEEN ON A "SEA ALERT" FOR MORE THAN TWO WEEKS, WITH MORE THAN 50 PER CENT OF THE COMBAT VESSELS AT SEA AND DISPERSED.

A NAVY SPOKESMAN SAID POSITIVELY THAT NO SPECIAL ALERT ORDERS HAVE BEEN ISSUED. HE SAID IT IS NORMAL FOR A HIGH PROPORTION OF THE FLEET TO BE AT SEA.

GG812PES

A70WX

(350) RADIATION

WASHINGTON, MARCH 16 (AP)-A MAJOR STEPUP IN THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE'S RESEARCH INTO THE EFFECTS OF RADIATION ON HUMANS IS NEEDED, SECRETARY OF WELFARE FLEMMING SAID TODAY.

HE SAID MORE PRECISE EVALUATION OF THE EFFECTS IS REQUIRED THAN IS NOW POSSIBLE.

FLEMMING AND OTHER WELFARE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS TOLD A NEWS

CONFERENCE THEY KNEW NO INSTANCE IN WHICH THE RADIOACTIVE CONTENT OF ANY FOOD HAD REGULARLY EXCEEDED WHAT ARE NOW REGARDED AS MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE LIMITS. HOWEVER, THE SECRETARY REFERRED TO THE CURRENT LIMITS AS "THE ONLY YARDSTICK MARK NOW AVAILABLE."

FLEMMING SAID THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE IS CONDUCTING SOME RESEARCH ON WAYS TO REDUCE THE AMOUNT OF STRONTIUM 90 IN THE DIET SO SO FAR HAS MADE NO STUDIES AIMED AT REMOVING THAT RADIOISOTOPE.

HE SAID THE BUDGET BUREAU IS STUDYING THE QUESTION OF GOVERNMENT RESPONSIBILITY FOR DEVELOPING RADIOLOGICAL HEALTH MEASURES. THIS IS NOW SPREAD AMONG THE HEALTH SERVICE, THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION AND THE FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION.

CONGRESS IS BEING ASKED TO PROVIDE THE HEALTH SERVICE WITH $1,439,-100 FOR THE YEAR STARTING JULY 1 SO IT MAY MORE THAN DOUBLE ITS ACTIVITIES IN THE FIELD OF RADIATION. THIS YEAR THE SERVICE IS GETTING $634,100.

"OUR SCIENTIFIC INFORMATION AT THIS TIME IS NOT SUFFICIENT TO EVALUATE PRECISELY THE LONG TERM HEALTH EFFECTS OF A SMALL AMOUNT OF RADIOACTIVITY NOW CONTAINED IN WATER, AIR, MILK, AND OTHER FOOD STUFFS," FLEMMING SAID.

PLANS ARE BEING DEVELOPED SO THE FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION CAN ENGAGE IN RESEARCH ON THE EFFECTS OF REPEATED SMALL EXPOSURES TO RADIATION. THAT AGENCY IS ALREADY MAKING A STUDY OF AMOUNTS OF RADIOACTIVITY IN FOODS.

ONE MAJOR PHASE OF RESEARCH THE HEALTH SERVICE PLANS WOULD INVOLVE STUDIES OF THE AMOUNT OF RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL RETAINED IN THE BODY FROM FOODS, AND WHERE THIS IS DISTRIBUTED.

FLEMMING ALSO SAID:

1. THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE HAS REPEATEDLY EMPHASIZED THAT THE AMOUNT OF RADIOACTIVITY FOUND IN MILK IS WELL WITHIN THE TOLERABLE LIMITS AS ESTABLISHED BY THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE ON RADIATION PROTECTION AND MEASUREMENTS.

2. THERE ARE MANY SOURCES AND KINDS OF RADIATION, SUCH AS COSMIC RAYS, MEDICAL X-RAYS AND FLUOROSCOPY WHICH CONTRIBUTE MORE THAN FALLOUT.

3. THE PRESENT MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE LIMITS FOR LIFETIME EXPOSURE OF THE INDIVIDUAL TO SPECIFIC RADIATION AND RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL WERE ADAPTED FROM SAFETY STANDARDS FOR PERSONS WORKING IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO SOURCES OF RADIATION, SUCH AS MEDICAL X-RAY TECHNICIANS. THE OCCUPATIONAL PERMISSIBLE LIMITS WERE DIVIDED BY 10 TO PROVIDE PERMISSIBLE LIMITS FOR THE GENERAL POPULATION.

CZX735PES

A26WX (530)

AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD FOREIGN AID

BY FRED S. HOFFMAN

WASHINGTON, MARCH 16 (AP)-ANY SLASH IN PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S $3,930,000,000 FOREIGN AID PROGRAM WOULD SHOW "WE ARE WEAKENING IN OUR DETERMINATION" TO OPPOSE MOUNTING COMMUNIST PRESSURES, ACTING SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER SAID TODAY.

"IF IT WERE NOT FOR THIS PROGRAM," HERTER TOLD THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE, "WE WOULD BE SEEING LARGE PORTIONS OF THE WORLD IN COMMUNIST HANDS AS OF THIS MOMENT."

HERTER, STANDING IN FOR THE AILING SECRETARY OF STATE JOHN FOSTER DULLES, OPENED THE ADMINISTRATION'S DRIVE TO HEAD OFF FUND-CUTTING PROPOSALS BY CRITICS OF THE AID PROGRAM.

THE BILL BEFORE THE COMMITTEE WOULD AUTHORIZE ABOUT 600 MILLION DOLLARS MORE THAN CONGRESS VOTED LAST YEAR FOR ECONOMIC AND MILITARY HELP TO NONCOMMUNIST NATIONS AROUND THE GLOBE. THE NEW PROGRAM WOULD APPLY TO THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING JULY 1.

ONE BIG REASON FOR LEAVING THE ADMINISTRATION PROGRAM INTACT, HERTER SAID, IS THE FIVE-YEAR-OLD CAMPAIGN BY THE RUSSIANS AND THEIR CHINESE COMMUNIST ALLIES TO OUTDO THE UNITED STATES IN HELPING UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES. THAT RED EFFORT GATHERED STEAM DURING THE PAST YEAR, HE SAID.

IN THE LIGHT OF DEMONSTRATED COMMUNIST AIMS TO BEAT THIS COUNTRY IN ECONOMIC COMPETITION, THE ACTING STATE DEPARTMENT CHIEF SAID, "IT WOULD BE A TERRIBLE THING IF WE SERVED NOTICE TO THE WORLD WE ARE PULLING OUT" OF THE AID FIELD. HE SAID THE ECONOMIC STRUGGLE COULD VERY WELL BE DECISIVE IN THE WORLDWIDE COLD WAR.

HERTER SAID U.S. AID PROGRAMS ARE BEGINNING TO PAY OFF IN REAL ADVANCES IN SOUTHEAST ASIA, ONE OF THE CRITICAL AREAS IN THE EAST-WEST STRUGGLE FOR THE UNCOMMITTED NATIONS.

ONE ASPECT OF THE EISENHOWER PROGRAM THAT GOT A BIG BOOST FROM HERTER WAS THE FUND OUT OF WHICH THE UNITED STATES LENDS MONEY FOR PROJECTS DESIGNED TO DEVELOP A NATION'S ECONOMIC POTENTIAL.

HERTER SAID THIS DEVELOPMENT LOAN FUND, A LITTLE MORE THAN A YEAR OLD, "HAS REALIZED THE HOPES WHICH WERE HELD FOR IT AS A NEW MEANS OF FORWARDING OUR FOREIGN POLICY."

HE APPEALED FOR AN IMMEDIATE APPROPRIATION OF 225 MILLION DOLLARS TO REPLENISH THE FUND, WHICH HE SAID IS EXHAUSTED. HERTER TOLD THE COMMITTEE THERE ARE APPLICATIONS TOTALING $2,900,000,000.

WHILE MAKING A STRONG PITCH FOR ECONOMIC AID, HERTER DID NOT MINIMIZE MILITARY ASSISTANCE. HE SAID THERE IS IMMEDIATE NEED FOR THE PROPOSED NEW ALLOTMENT OF $1,600,000,000 TO HELP KEEP IN READINESS ALLIED FORCES TOTALING FIVE MILLION MEN.

TO REPLACE THESE FOREIGN TROOPS WITH AMERICANS, HERTER SAID, WOULD COST TREMENDOUS AMOUNTS OF MONEY AND WOULD MEAN RAISING TAXES OR PILING UP THE NATIONAL DEBT.

SEVERAL COMMITTEE MEMBERS SHOWED SKEPTICISM ABOUT THE ALLIED MILITARY SHIELD CONCEPT ADVANCED BY THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION IN ARGUING FOR ITS FOREIGN AID PROGRAM.

REP. WAYNE HAYS (D-OHIO), RECALLING THAT EISENHOWER HAD DISCOUNTED THE IDEA OF FIGHTING A GROUND WAR FOR WEST BERLIN, SUGGESTED:

"IF THE GROUND FORCES ARE NOT A SHIELD, THEN IT MUST MEAN WE'LL DEPEND ON NUCLEAR WEAPONS."

HAYS SAID THE QUESTION OF THE VALUE OF THE ALLIED GROUND FORCES MUST BE CLEARED UP "IF THE ADMINISTRATION EXPECTS SUPPORT FOR THIS PROGRAM FOR ANOTHER YEAR."

REP. WILLIAM H. MEYER (D-VT), HARKING BACK TO FRANCE'S FATAL RELIANCE ON THE MAGINOT LINE IN WORLD WAR II, SAID HE WONDERED "IF THE SO-CALLED SHIELD WOULDN'T TURN OUT TO BE A SIEVE."

HERTER SAID HE WOULD LEAVE IT TO LATER MILITARY WITNESSES TO DISCUSS THAT POINT.

ON THE WHOLE, HERTER SAID, THE INTERNATIONAL PICTURE IS BRIGHTER FOR THE UNITED STATES THAN A YEAR AGO, ALTHOUGH NOBODY KNOWS HOW THE BERLIN CRISIS WILL COME OUT.

"OUR RELATIONSHIPS AROUND THE WORLD, IN THE FAR EAST AND EVEN THE MIDDLE EAST, ARE BETTER THAN BEFORE," THE ACTING SECRETARY OF STATE SAID.

MB352PES

B14WX (SEG)

ADVANCE FOR 6:30 A.M. EST TODAY

(250) IRAN

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MARCH 16 (AP)-THE SHAH OF IRAN SAYS THE SOVIETS REQUESTED HIM NOT TO SIGN A BILATERAL DEFENSE PACT WITH THE UNITED STATES AND NOT TO GRANT MILITARY BASES TO FOREIGN POWERS.

THE FIRST POINT WAS UNACCEPTABLE, THE SECOND NEEDED CLARIFICATION AND MOSCOW WAS RELUCTANT TO DEFINE WHAT IT MEANT BY FOREIGN BASES, SHAH MOHAMMED REZA PAHLEVI SAID TODAY IN A COPYRIGHT INTERVIEW IN THE MAGAZINE U. S. NEWS & WORLD REPORT. THE SHAH WAS INTERVIEWED AT TEHRAN.

THE SHAH IS THE TARGET OF COMMUNIST ATTACKS SINCE MOSCOW FAILED TO PERSUADE HIM TO SIGN AN AGREEMENT WITH SOVIET RUSSIA. INSTEAD, IRAN, TOGETHER WITH TURKEY AND PAKISTAN, SIGNED DEFENSE PACTS WITH THE UNITED STATES.

THE IRANIANS, THE SHAH SAID, "HAVE BEEN VERY MUCH HURT BY THIS SOVIET PROPAGANDA....IT IS JUST A WAR OF NERVES."

THE SHAH, ASKED WHETHER HE THOUGHT THE RUSSIANS WOULD GO FURTHER THAN TALKING TOUGH, ANSWERED WITH A TERSE "NO."

"EVERYTHING IN IRAN IS AND WILL BE UNDER IRANIAN CONTROL," THE SHAH DECLARED.

HE SAID IRAN MUST HAVE A STRONG ARMY BECAUSE IT IS LIVING "WITHIN THE RANGE OF NEIGHBORS WHO ARE ARMING THEMSELVES TO THE TEETH."

IN RESPONSE TO A QUESTION ABOUT THE CONTROVERSIAL INTERPRETATION OF THE RECENTLY SIGNED BILATERAL DEFENSE PACTS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES, ON THE ONE HAND, AND IRAN, TURKEY AND PAKISTAN, ON THE OTHER, THE SHAH SAID THE THREE MOSLEM COUNTRIES "HAVE BEEN TRYING TO MAKE U. S. ASSISTANCE AUTOMATIC."

THE UNITED STATES HAS STATED THAT THE PACTS DO NOT GO BEYOND THE EISENHOWER DOCTRINE PROMISING ASSISTANCE TO MIDDLE EAST COUNTRIES ONLY IN CASE OF AGGRESSION FROM COUNTRIES UNDER COMMUNIST DOMINATION.

THE SHAH RIDICULED AS "NONSENSE" ALLEGATIONS THAT HE NEEDED THE PACT TO DEFEND HIS REGIME AGAINST INTERNAL THREATS.

CR343AES

B10WX (SEG)

ADVANCE HOLD FOR RELEASE, EXPECTED SOON AFTER 12 NOON EST TODAY

(280) KEATING-COURT

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MARCH 16 (AP)-SEN. KENNETH B. KEATING (R-NY) URGED CONGRESS TODAY TO PASS LEGISLATION TO OVERCOME THE EFFECT OF RECENT SUPREME COURT DECISIONS IN THE FIELDS OF SUBVERSION AND LAW ENFORCEMENT.

AT THE SAME TIME HE APPEALED TO FELLOW LEGISLATORS TO UNDERTAKE THE TASK "WITH A PROFOUND RESPECT FOR THE PLACE OF THE SUPREME COURT IN OUR SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT."

KEATING, IN A SENATE SPEECH, DEPLORED THE POSITION TAKEN BY WHAT HE CALLED EXTREMISTS ON BOTH SIDES OF THE CONTROVERSY OVER DECISIONS OF THE COURT UNDER CHIEF JUSTICE EARL WARREN.

ONE CAMP, HE SAID, HAS PROPOSED MEASURES THAT WOULD ENDANGER THE VERY INSTITUTION OF THE COURT, WHILE THOSE IN THE OPPOSITE CAMP "HAVE BITTERLY ATTACKED EVEN PROPOSALS TO STUDY THE DECISIONS OF THE COURT."

KEATING SAID CONGRESS HAS A DUTY TO PASS CORRECTIVE MEASURES WHEN THE COURT ASSUME LEGISLATIVE POWERS, MISCONSTRUES THE INTENT OF CONGRESS, OR "PRESUMES TO PASS UPON THE WISDOM OF STATUTES."

"IT WOULD BE FATAL TO OUR SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT TO CONFER UPON THE COURT IMMUNITY FROM LEGISLATIVE SCRUTINY," HE SAID.

BUT KEATING, A MEMBER OF THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, SAID CONGRESS SHOULD SHOW SELF-RESTRAINT AND SHUN "VINDICTIVE AND INTEMPERATE ATTACKS ON THE COURT ITSELF." HE ALSO SPOKE OUT AGAINST LEGISLATION THAT WOULD CLIP THE COURT'S POWERS.

KEATING, WHO HAS INTRODUCED BILLS TO UNDO THE EFFECTS OF SEVERAL RECENT SUPREME COURT DECISIONS, SAID HIS BILLS WERE NOT DESIGNED "TO WREAK VENGEANCE ON THE COURT OR RETALIATION AGAINST ANY MEMBER OF IT."

RATHER, HE SAID, THEY ARE ATTEMPTS "TO ENACT COMMON-SENSE LAWS TO RESTORE PUBLIC PROTECTION AGAINST SUBVERSION AND LAWLESSNESS."

DECISIONS OF THE COURT HAVE "MADE A MOCKERY" OF EFFORTS TO KEEP THE COUNTRY SECURE AGAINST COMMUNIST TREACHERY, HE SAID, AND HAVE PLACED UNWARRANTED OBSTACLES IN THE WAY OF LAW ENFORCEMENT.

SEN. HUGH SCOTT (R-PA) SAID HE AGREES WITH KEATING THAT CONGRESS OUGHT TO "CURE SOME MISAPPRENSIONS OF THE COURT" BUT HE HOPES IT WON'T "USE THE MEAT-AXE COURSE OF SLASHING AWAY AT THE COURT'S CONSTITUTIONAL POWERS."

SEN. THRUSTON B. MRTON (R-KY) SAID THAT WHILE HE SHARES THE "APPREHENSION "AT SOME OF THE COURT'S DECISIONS, HE DOESN'T WANT TO DAMAGE THE COURT AS AN INSTITUTION.

MB331PES

30.24-6455

ON TH BASIS OF THEIR REPORTS THE COMMITTEE MAY CONDUCT HEARINGS IN CHICAGO WITHIN THE NEXT FEW MONTHS.

MB839PES

B61WX (REDS IN CX)

WASHINGTON, MARCH 16 (AP)-A SPOKESMAN FOR THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES SAID TODAY THE COMMITTEE'S INVESTIGATION OF COMMUNIST INFILTRATION INTO HEAVY INDUSTRY MAY BE DIRECTED SOON AT THE CHICAGO AREA.

THE COMMITTEE HAS FOR THE PAST FEW YEARS BEEN PROBING THE EXTENT OF COMMUNIST ACTIVITY IN THE HEAVY INDUSTRIES. IT RECENTLY HELD HEARINGS IN PITTSBURGH.

THE SPOKESMAN SAID NOTHING DEFINITE HAS BEEN ARRANGED WITH RESPECT TO CHICAGO. BUT PRELIMINARY WORK HAS BEEN DONE BY INVESTIGATORS AND

A28MH

95

BY JACK KING

CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., MARCH 16 (AP)-A TWO-STAGE MYSTERY MISSILE CLIMBED THROUGH THE CLOUDS WITH A CRACKLING ROAR TODAY ON THE START OF A SECURITY-CLOAKED FLIGHT TEST.

A PUFFY GRAY SMOKE TRAIL TRACED THE SLEEK ROCKET'S COURSE FOR SEVERAL SECONDS BEFORE IT DISAPPEARED IN LOW OVERCAST.

IT WAS THE SECOND TIME IN A MONTH THAT THE MISSILE, BELIEVED TO BE AN AERO-BALLISTIC TEST VEHICLE BEING DEVELOPED BY MCDONNELL AIRCRAFT, WAS LAUNCHED WITHOUT WARNING.

AIR FORCE OFFICIALS CONFIRMED THAT A MISSILE WAS LAUNCHED BUT DECLINED TO NAME EITHER THE TYPE OR MISSION INVOLVED.

HOWEVER, RELIABLE SOURCES SAID THE PROJECT--WHICH CARRIES THE CODE NAME "DRACA"--INVOLVES BASIC RESEARCH WHICH COULD BE APPLIED TO POSSIBLE MILITARY TECHNIQUES. THEY WERE UNABLE TO ELABORATE ON THE MISSILE'S JOB.

THE ROCKET, EQUIPPED WITH TWO CLUSTERS OF FINS, REPORTEDLY WAS POWERED BY A TWO-STAGE SOLID FUEL PROPULSION SYSTEM. IT BEHAVES SIMILAR TO THE NAVY'S POLARIS.

THE MISSILE IS DESCRIBED AS AERO-BALLISTIC BECAUSE THE UPPER STAGE CAN BE CONTROLLED FROM THE LAUNCHING POINT EVEN DURING THE BALLISTIC, OR FREE FLIGHT STAGE, OF THE SHOOTING.

THE ROCKET WAS FIRED FROM A MODIFIED VERSION OF THE ARMY'S "HONEST JOHN" ROCKET-LAUNCHER.

MCDONNELL, WHICH MADE ITS FIRST SHOOTING APPEARANCE AT THE CAPE FEB. 16, IS INVOLVED IN TWO TOP PRIORITY MISSILE-SPACE PROJECTS. THE COMPANY IS DEVELOPING A CAPSULE THAT EVENTUALLY WILL CARRY THE FIRST MAN INTO SPACE AS PART OF "PROJECT MERCURY."

THE MCDONNELL FIRM ALSO IS ONE BIDDER ON THE AIR FORCE'S "BOLD ORION" PROGRAM TO DEVELOP A TWO-STAGE AIR-TO-GROUND BALLISTIC MISSILE CAPABLE OF A RANGE OF OVER 1,000 MILES.

MD358PES

B4

Q

ATLANTA, MARCH 16 (AP)-CARL BRADEN, 44, OF LOUISVILLE, KY., AND FRANK WILKINSON, 44, LOS ANGELES, CONVICTED ON CONTEMPT OF CONGRESS CHARGES, WERE DENIED NEW TRIALS TODAY IN U.S. DISTRICT COURT HERE.

THE TWO WERE CONVICTED AND SENTENCED TO ONE YEAR IN PRISON FOR FAILING TO ANSWER QUESTIONS OF A HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES SUBCOMMITTEE HERE LAST JULY.

BOTH ARE FREE UNDER APPEAL BONDS.

WILKINSON'S ATTORNEY HAD ASKED FOR A NEW TRIAL. BRADEN'S COUNSEL SOUGHT A NEW TRIAL AND MADE A MOTION TO ARREST JUDGMENT ON THE VERDICT. BOTH OF BRADEN'S MOTIONS WEE DENIED BY JUDGE BOYD SLOAN.

KM/UMWEPPES

A76

MOSCOW, MARCH 16 (AP)-SOVIET PRESIDENT VOROSHILOV WHO WAS TAKEN ILL WITH PNEUMONIA IN LATE JANUARY AND FEBRUARY--AND WAS UNABLE TO MAKE A SCHEDULED VISIT TO INDIA--IS GETTING BETTER AN OFFICIAL SAID TODAY.

JE738PES

B30 (SEG)

(280)

NEW YORK, MARCH 16 (AP)-FERDINAND DURCANSKY, FOREIGN MINISTER OF THE NAZI PUPPET GOVERNMENT OF ~~SLVAKIA~~ Slovakia IN 1939-40, MADE HIS FIRST PUBLIC APPEARANCE IN NEW YORK YESTERDAY.

HE SPOKE AT A CELEBRATION OF THE 20TH ANNIVERSARY OF SLOVAK INDEPENDENCE, HELD UNDER AUSPICES OF THE SLOVAK LEAGUE OF AMERICA AT THE WALDORF-ASTORIA HOTEL.

HIS ANNOUNCED APPEARANCE ALREADY HAD BROUGHT A REACTION AGAINST HIM.

EARLIER IN THE DAY, REP. EMANUEL CELLER (D-NY) TOLD AN AMERICAN JEWISH CONGRESS MEETING THAT HE WAS TRYING TO LEARN "HOW A FORMER LEADER OF THE NAZI PUPPET REGIME IN WORLD WAR II" HAD ENTERED THIS COUNTRY.

CELLER CITED DURCANSKY'S COLLABORATION WITH THE HITLER REGIME, AND SAID ALLEGATIONS WERE MADE AT THE NUERNBERG WAR-CRIMES TRIALS THAT DURCANSKY HAD WORKED CLOSELY WITH THE NAZIS TO DEPORT 68,000 SLOVAK JEWS TO CONCENTRATION CAMPS.

DURCANSKY, IN AN INTERVIEW LATER, SAID HE WAS CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL OF THE ANTI-BOLSHEVIK BLOC OF NATIONS WITH HEADQUARTERS AT MUNICH, GERMANY. HE SAID HE ARRIVED IN THE UNITED STATES ON A VISA.

IN THE INTERVIEW, HE ADMITTED HE HAD COLLABORATED WITH THE HITLER REGIME AND THAT HE HAD BEEN CONDEMNED TO DEATH BY THE CZECHS IN ABSENTIA. BUT HE ASSERTED THAT HE COLLABORATED UNDER PRESSURE AND SAID OTHER NATIONS HAD REFUSED A CZECH REQUEST TO INDICT HIM AT NUERNBERG.

DURCANSKY SAID THE SLOVAKS HAD A CHOICE OF COLLABORATING WITH EIGHTER THE RUSSIANS OR THE GERMANS--"WE WERE BETWEEN THE MILLSTONES--" AND THEY CHOSE THE GERMANS.

HE ALSO LISTED DOCUMENTS QUOTING GERMAN FOREIGN OFFICIALS AS SAYING HE WAS NOT SUFFICIENTLY NAZI AND WAS NOT COOPERATING IN IMPLEMENTATION OF GERMAN FOREIGN POLICY.

HA541AES

B65

DT (ASKT) (260)

NEW YORK, MARCH 16 (AP)-THE AUTHOR OF A BOOK CRITICAL OF THE CONDUCT OF AMERICAN PRISONERS IN KOREA ENGAGED IN A VIGOROUS AND SOMETIMES HEATED PUBLIC DISCUSSION OF THE BOOK TODAY WITH A REVIEWER.

THE AUTHOR WAS EUGENE KINKEAD, WHOSE BOOK, "IN EVERY WAR BUT ONE," CHARGES THAT LARGE NUMBERS OF AMERICAN PRISONERS COLLABORATED WITH THEIR CHINESE OR KOREAN RED CAPTORS. THE BOOK'S TITLE SUMMED UP KINKEAD'S ASSERTION THAT SUCH COLLABORATION WAS UNIQUE IN AMERICAN MILITARY HISTORY.

KINKEAD AND BRIG. GEN. ~~S.P.A.~~ S.L.A. MARSHALL, A NOTED MILITARY HISTORIAN AND COLUMNIST FOR THE DETROIT NEWS, DEBATED THE SUBJECT ON DAVE GARROWAY'S "TODAY" SHOW (NBC-TV). FRANK BLAIR SUBSTITUTED FOR GARROWAY.

MARSHALL RECENTLY REVIEWED THE BOOK FOR A NEWSPAPER (THE NEW YORK TIMES).

MARSHALL DEFENDED HIS CRITICAL REVIEW, SAYING HE FELT KINKEAD'S BOOK WAS WRONG IN IMPLYING THAT THE CONDUCT OF PRISONERS "REFLECTED A GENERAL WEAKNESS IN AMERICAN CHARACTER."

KINKEAD CHARGED THAT MARSHALL'S REVIEW HAD SUGGESTED THE ARMY HAD LED KINKEAD "UP THE GARDEN PATH" AND SAID HE REGARDED THE IMPLICATION AS "AN INSULT TO MY INTELLIGENCE."

KINKEAD DENIED A STATEMENT IN MARSHALL'S REVIEW THAT THE BOOK DISHONORED PATRIOTIC PRISONERS BY IMPLYING THAT THE "OPERATION LITTLE SWITCH" PRISONER EXCHANGE WAS A COMMUNIST TRICK TO GET PRO-COMMUNIST PRISONERS BACK INTO THE UNITED STATES.

"DON'T YOU SAY THAT I SAID THOSE WORDS AND DON'T YOU SAY THAT I SAID THE ARMY SAID THOSE WORDS," KINKEAD SAID HOTLY.

AT A LATER POINT IN THE DEBATE, KINKEAD AND MARSHALL REACHED AGREEMENT ON A NUMBER OF ISSUES, INCLUDING THE GENERAL BRAVERY OF AMERICANS IN ACTUAL COMBAT IN KOREA AND THE IMPORTANCE OF THE "CODE OF CONDUCT" TO HELP WAR PRISONERS ACHIEVE ORGANIZATION AND DISCIPLINE.

JE/RJ903PES